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THE DAILY TIMES.

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VOLUME I. | THE PORTSMOUTH TIMES. Established 1861. | PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1894. | ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPER In Scioto County. | NUMBER 122

THE LEADING HOUSE

FOR CHOICE
59c
FOR CHOICE

Shirts
Shirts
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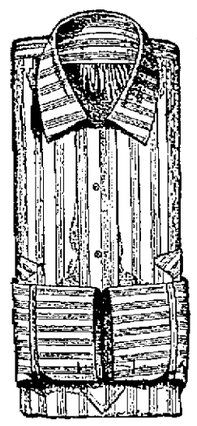

THE LARGEST STOCK

STRICTLY ONE PRICE

Think of It!

Today we place on sale 58 dozen Laundried Negligee Shirts, in Men's and Boys' sizes, that are usually sold at 75c and $1.00, but which by a lucky purchase we will be able to sell at

59c for Choice!

This is by far the lowest price ever named on Shirts of this quality and makes them a great bargain. Come early and get choice of styles, as they will not last long at that price.

HEER BROS.

CASH CLOTHIERS, - - - CHILLICOTHE ST.

THE LOWEST PRICES

Only a Penny.

Some folks use pennies in two ways—give 'em to the children and put 'em in the contribution box. We want to enumerate a few items that these pennies will buy at our place.

2 Pennies buy a 5c Paper of Needles.
3 Pennies buy a 5c Paper of Brass Pins.
5 Pennies buy 24 Sheets of Note Paper.
4 Pennies buy 25 Square Envelopes.
4 Pennies buy 25 Six-inch Envelopes.
4 Pennies buy 25 Five-inch Envelopes.
3 Pennies buy 25 Four-inch Envelopes.
2 Pennies buy a 5c Package Hair Pins.
8 Pennies buy a 25c Nickle Plated Lantern fitted with Colognes.
7 Pennies buy a Rubber Comb, eight inches long.
5 Pennies buy 1000 Rice Tooth Picks.
3 Pennies buy a yard of Good Elastic.
13 Pennies buy a Fire Screen formerly sold for 39c.

COVERSTON & CO.
607 CHILLICOTHE STREET.

It don't cost anything (but a little time) to find out just how much lower our prices are than our competitors.

Bread Is the Staff of Life.

The efficiency of this staff is largely increased if, in making the bread, you use

CRESCENT FLOUR.

G. FRICK & SONS.

MORE LIGHT

That is the demand from all up-to-date people.
We have the different systems.
Gas at reduced prices.

Electric Arc, 50 per cent of the market price elsewhere.
Incandescent cheaper than lightning.

For good service, correct meters and fair treatment, we are the people.

The Portsmouth Gas & Electric Company.

GROVER'S DESK

Now Contains the Celebrated Tariff Bill.

The Leading Question Is, What Will He Do With It?

Secretary Carlisle Urges the President to Sign the Bill So as to Put an End to All Uncertainty in the Business Community at Large.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The tariff bill was delivered to Private Secretary Thurber at the executive mansion at 1:10 p. m., Wednesday, by Representative Pearce, chairman of the house committee on enrolled bills.

The president is given by law 10 days to consider a bill. He may hold the bill till midnight of August 27, when, if not signed, it will become a law by default. Secretary Carlisle is urging the president to sign the bill, so as to put an end to all uncertainty in the business community at large.

The treasury department is concerned over the heavy withdrawals of whisky from bond to get the benefit of the present low rate. While the revenues are largely increased by this process it is seen that the government will be the loser in the end. Not only is this true in regard to whisky, but the importance of the obtaining revenue from sugar at once is realized.

Raw sugar is now coming into the United States by the ship loads, and while the trust bought heavily in advance, they are still importing. In order to get a revenue from sugar and whisky the president is urged by Secretary Carlisle to sign the bill immediately. If the whisky men are given 10 days more the greater portion of the increased revenue will be lost to the treasury.

Mr. Carlisle has about squelched the "pop-gun" bills sent to the senate by the house. His letter says that if sugar is put on the free list there will result from it a loss of $43,000,000 to the treasury, which will force another bond issue. The feeling against the trust is still so intense, that if the bill is allowed to run up there will be made a great effort to pass it. There is little probability that any of the free bills will go through at this session.

POTTERIES TO CLOSE

On Account of the Change in the Tariff—The Reduction Too Much.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 16.—Officials of the Edwin Bennett Pottery Co., of this city, have decided, in conjunction with other firms which are represented in the Potters' National association, to close up their establishments in consequence of the passage of the new tariff bill. The reduction from 60 per cent. to 35 per cent. in the pottery schedule caused General Manager Brune to notify his employes of a reduction in wages. The men had recently accepted a 12½ per cent. cut, and refused to go any lower. The kiln hands quit Tuesday. In a day or two the 350 employes will have completed the orders on hand, and the pottery will then shut down.

TERRIBLE MISTAKE.

A Michigan Farmer Shoots His Wife for a Burglar.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 16.—Frank Proteous, a young farmer living in Portage township, seven miles from here, shot and instantly killed his wife early Wednesday morning. A much needed rain which began falling at 3 o'clock was the cause of the tragedy. When the storm broke Mrs. Proteous awakened and left the bed to close an open window. Her husband was awakened by the closing of the window, and seeing his wife's shadow, mistook her for a burglar. He fired a shot from his revolver, the ball passing through her heart. She exclaimed: "Frank, you have shot me," and sank to the floor dead. Mrs. Proteous was only 25 years old. Her husband is almost insane over the accident.

Sat in the Buggy Dead.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 16.—Early Wednesday a team belonging to Fitz Courser, a livery stable keeper at Henniker, a town about fifteen miles from this city, came into the stable yard with the body of a young girl named Nettie Douglass, sitting in the buggy stone dead. She had been shot. Arthur McLean, aged seventeen, went riding with the girl Tuesday evening, and during a quarrel shot her and left the body in the carriage. He is now under arrest, but refuses to talk. The girl was fifteen years of age.

Hog Cholera Epidemic.

DECATUR, Ill., Aug. 16.—Hog cholera broke out near Elburn, Kane county, two weeks ago, and since then has extended rapidly twelve miles west and eight miles east. Hundreds of hogs have died of the disease, and many are sick. There appears to be no remedy for the afflicted swine. Local dealers have refused to buy hogs from that section of the country.

Lightning's Work.

BURLINGTON, O., Aug. 16.—At 2:30 Wednesday morning lightning struck the big barn of John Spitzpaden here and caused a blaze that destroyed the barn, four horses, two cows, forty tons of hay, 500 bushels of wheat and the farming implements. Loss, $3,000; no insurance.

American Scientists.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The forty-third annual convention of the American association for the advancement of science opened here Wednesday. It has attracted nearly 3,000 prominent men from the United States and the Canadas and will be in session for ten days.

INDIANA TICKET

Doings of the Democratic State Convention at Indianapolis.

Reinhard and Dailey Nominated for Supreme Court Judges.

Secretary of State, Wm. R. Meyers—Auditor, Joseph T. Fanning—Treasurer, Morgan Chandler—Attorney General, Francis M. Griffith.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 16.—At 10 o'clock Wednesday morning the democratic state convention met in Tomlinson hall with a full representation numbering over 1,700. At 9 o'clock Wednesday morning the resolutions committee was still at work in a room at the Grand hotel. The inability to reach a satisfactory conclusion on all the questions to be touched upon caused a great deal of discussion, and it leaked out that prior to the time for calling the convention to order that the stumbling block was the indorsement of Senator Voorhees. The Voorhees men on the committee demanded his indorsement, while the friends of Gov. Matthews insisted that the latter should be lauded and the senator condemned. The two factions were expected to come together on this point, and the result will not be known until the resolutions are presented.

Gov. Claude Matthews, the presiding officer, spoke at length. He held republican legislation and extravagance responsible for the business depression, and, referring to congress, he said:

"One by one these pledges are being redeemed through the heroic efforts of our representatives in congress. The iniquitous and unjust federal election law has fallen beneath our steady blows; the promise to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act has been fulfilled and the belief enacted into law that no special class of property shall escape its just share of the burden of tax, even though it be the silver to be hoarded or the sacred greenback of national currency. The struggles must be brought and earnest is the opposition to be encountered all along the line. Siege has been laid to the stronghold of republicanism, its protective tariff, and the day of a broad commercial freedom is surely dawning upon us. Step by step we light our way, camping on every vantage ground, until we shall stand upon the purplin heights of victory and success achieved. We will not be content to rest upon the mountain and look into the promised land, but will enter in and take full possession."

Speaking further he said:

"The line marked out by President Cleveland in his message of 1887, his recent letter to Congressman Wilson, the platform in 1892 will be strictly adhered to and followed until complete revision and reform in national taxation are attained."

The governor then pointed out the fact that the democratic party had always been the faithful friend of silver, and said:

"I believe now, that in the repeal of the silver purchasing clause there should have been some measure adopted that would have relieved the doubt and the anxiety of the people as to the future of silver as a medium of value and exchange."

After declaring for free silver coinage the governor took up the labor question, and pointed out the fact that the Indiana democracy had passed a number of excellent laws for the benefit of the laboring men. Continuing he said:

"We have watched with satisfaction the good results accomplished with labor organized. Where its motives are to be served, its highest end will be perfected when it shall realize that peaceful measures under the law must remedy wrongs rather than force, when peaceful intervention shall settle differences. The recent disturbances through which we have passed with their scenes of violence, destruction and bloodshed, conditions which, if allowed to continue, will have passed into rampant anarchy and ruin, destructive of all government and society as organized for public good, in the name of the sacred cause of labor more than any other demand immediate suppression. However earnest and sincere the effort to redress grievances, and however just the cause of honest labor, just so soon as other means beyond those provided by law are resorted to, does a vicious element seize upon it to give vent to their lawless passions, and place honest workingmen through their acts in the attitude of law breakers."

The governor, in conclusion, appealed for stronger immigration laws.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 16.—Chairman R. C. Bell, of Ft. Wayne, of the committee on resolutions, read the report of the committee, made up of state issues and record of the democratic party in the legislature in reference to labor and economic reforms. This indicated the hitherto expressed policy to confine the fight as far as possible away from national issues. The indorsement of the tax law received no evidence of favor from the delegates. The free trade purposes of the party were hidden in the phrase "commercial liberty." Some phrases were taken bodily from the Chicago platform. The platform indorsed "a great majority of the United States democratic senators," including the Indiana senators and the democratic representatives.

When the chairman came to the denunciation clause "of a small coterie of senators" there was protracted applause interspersed with loud cries of "Name 'em!" and shout, "Gorman!" "Smith!" The resolution is as follows:

A small coterie of senators, who, masquerading as democrats, tried to defeat all tariff legislation, have temporarily prevented the democratic party from carrying out all of its pledges to the people for tariff reform as announced in the democratic platform of 1892.

The platform demands that gold and silver should be used as a money standard, and that both should be coined without discrimination and without charge for mintage. The house is praised for following the enactment of the tariff with the passage of separate acts, placing sugar, iron ore, barbed wire and coal on the free list. The income tax is indorsed as a wise and just measure.

When the chairman read "we heartily indorse the wise and patriotic administration of Grover Cleveland" there was respectable applause, but when he added "especially in his course in preserving law and order" there was a dead silence that made some exclaim "Ouch!" But Cleveland was not "in it" with Matthews' indorsement in the matter of applause. The cheering lasted until Gov. Matthews was compelled to rise and bow. His wife looked on with pride from the ladies' gallery.

The following ticket was nominated:

Judges Supreme Court—George F. Reinhard and Joseph E. Daily.

Secretary of State—William R. Meyers.
Auditor—Joseph T. Fanning.
Treasurer—Morgan Chandler.
Attorney General—Francis M. Griffith.
Superintendent Public Instruction—Charles Thomas.
Clerk Supreme Court—C. Wellman.
State Statistician—L. H. Fulton.
State Geologist—Ed Jordan.

A NOVEL MACHINE.

Carloads of Coal at a Single Operation Dumped Into a Vessel's Hold.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 16.—A machine that is as novel from an engineering standpoint as the Ferris wheel, and which is certain to revolutionize the lake coal trade, has been introduced into the coal shipping business at Ashtabula.

Instead of the old system of loading by means of buckets and rotary derricks, this machine, which has been subjected to tests extending over several days of actual work, takes up a car load of about twenty-three tons capacity and dumps its contents into the hold of a vessel, cars being handled at the rate of about eighteen per hour.

The loaded car is drawn high into the air on a cantilever, which is tilted by hydraulic power, the end containing the car being lowered through the hatch into the hold of the vessel.

Shutes can not be used in handling soft coal, as the great aim is to avoid breakage, which is reduced to a minimum with this machine. Cargoes aggregating as much as 3,500 tons are loaded in a single day.

New Orleans Trade Upset.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—The passage of the Wilson tariff bill has thrown a damper on commercial dealings in New Orleans. At least two-thirds of her population look to the sugar industry, directly or indirectly, for support, and any legislation that is unfavorable to sugar has a decidedly bad effect on all other commerce, out of sympathy for Louisiana's principal product. The sugar exchange is in a turmoil, the members declaring that the sugar trade was ruined by the legislation.

Expect Better Business.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The woolen manufacturers of Bradford, Leeds, Huddersfield and Halifax, where stocks are abnormally low and where business has been stagnant for years, expect a great revival of business as a result of the tariff settlement in the United States. The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Bradford kept quiet during the vicissitudes of the Wilson bill for fear of prejudicing the issue, but now that it is finally accepted, rejoicings have broken forth."

The Vice President Signs the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—At 12:18 p. m. Wednesday the vice president announced his signature to the tariff bill. Senator Harris had on his desk a letter from the secretary of the treasury bearing upon the question of free sugar, and it will be read in the senate during the morning hour. It is understood that Secretary Carlisle opposes free sugar for the reason that if this revenue of $13,000,000 is stricken off the treasury will be compelled to issue bonds.

Drowned Her Baby.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 16.—At Millersburg, Wednesday, Mrs. Martha Schiebel, wife of a well-to-do citizen, drowned her 2-year-old baby in a cistern while suffering from temporary insanity, and then took her own life by cutting her throat with a razor. Mrs. Schiebel was confined in an asylum four years ago, but was discharged, supposedly cured. She leaves two other grown-up children.

The Drought Broken.

GALENA, Ill., Aug. 16.—The drought was broken Tuesday night by the first considerable rain in seven weeks, which was accompanied by a violent electric storm. The town of Belmont, Wis., suffered by a cyclone, which damaged the St. Charles hotel, the warehouses of Freirarthan & Clark and Richers Bros'. stores. Mullin and other towns in the neighborhood also suffered by wind and hail.

Bank Wrecker Haughey's Nice Job.

ELKHART, Ind., Aug. 16.—Dr. E. W. Viels, of Plymouth, who has served a three-years' sentence in the penitentiary north for assaulting a young girl, will be discharged Friday. His position as superintendent of the prison will be filled by Theodore P. Haughey, the Indianapolis ex-banker, who has entered upon a term of six years' imprisonment.

China's Threat.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Tien-Tsin correspondent of the Times says that any warship trying to cross the bar at Taku without having given previous notice will be fired on by the forts, no matter what flag it may fly. Naval vessels giving previous notice will be admitted at the discretion of the Chinese authorities.

Gas and Oil in Colorado.

FLORENCE, Col., Aug. 16.—Oil and natural gas in enormous quantities have been struck on school land near Mineral creek, six miles southeast of this city, which has been leased from the state by the Florence Oil and Refining Co.

Yacht Race Postponed.

FRESH WATER BAY, Aug. 16.—The match race between the Vigilant and the Britannia was not declared off, as it first reported, but postponed because of a high gale which prevailed at sea. The race will probably be sailed Saturday.

Morton Coming Home.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Levi P. Morton has completed all his preparations to sail from Havre for New York on Friday next. He is much improved in health, but will not discuss politics until after his return home.

Ohio Democratic Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 16.—The democrats will hold a state convention at Columbus on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 18 and 19. Frank T. Hurd, of Toledo, has been selected for temporary chairman.

LOST HIS HEAD.

President Carnot's Murderer Pays the Penalty.

A Heavy Shower Had the Effect of Keeping Curiosity Seekers Away.

Soldiers and Policemen, Massed at the Execution, Kept Order—When Seized by the Attendant to Lay Him Under the Knife Cesario Struggled Fiercely.

LYONS, Aug. 16.—Santo Caserio, the murderer of President Carnot, was guillotined at 5 o'clock Thursday morning.

The scene of the execution is about fifty metres from the Pyron. Three hours before the time set for the execution a detachment of troops, comprising the Ninth battalion of infantry and two squadrons of the Seventh Cuirassiers, took possession of the ground. They were reinforced later by gendarmes and policemen.

Deibler, the executioner, arrived at 3 o'clock bringing with him the well-known guillotine. The van conveying the guillotine was escorted by gendarmes on horseback. The operation of erecting the machine occupied about an hour.

There was a heavy shower during the night which had the effect of driving away nearly all the curiosity seekers who had gathered to witness the execution. At 3 o'clock there were hardly one hundred persons waiting. Some time before daylight the weather improved and the crowd began to gather again, and when the hour of execution arrived a tremendous crowd was present.

A few minutes before 5 o'clock the condemned man was led from his cell to the guillotine. His arms were firmly bound behind him. When the attendants seized him to lay him under the knife, he struggled fiercely to free himself.

At 4.55 o'clock all was ready. Caserio shouted: "Courage, comrades! Long live anarchy."

The knife fell at 5 o'clock precisely, and Caserio's head dropped into the basket.

McBride's Political Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 16.—That section of organized labor influenced by John McBride has decided upon independent political action. The convention called by McBride, national president of the United Mine workers, met at Trades Assembly hall Wednesday morning and took that decisive action. There were 137 delegates present.

The platform adopted demands the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present ratio; condemns issuing interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, condemns protection of American labor under the present system, favors the initiative and referendum, and the prohibition of child labor in mine and factory, favors an eight-hour work day, etc.

Games Played Wednesday.

*Baltimore	8	*New York	3
Cincinnati	2	St. Louis	4
*Boston	6	*Philadelphia	14
Pittsburgh	5	Louisville	4
*Brooklyn	9	*Washington	7
Chicago	5	Cleveland	6

*Where game was played.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Pr Ct.
Boston	61	33	91	.649
Baltimore	59	33	92	.641
New York	57	37	94	.607
Cleveland	52	39	91	.571
Philadelphia	47	42	89	.528
Pittsburgh	50	45	95	.526
Brooklyn	49	45	94	.521
Chicago	44	51	95	.463
Cincinnati	42	54	93	.452
St. Louis	40	56	96	.417
Louisville	32	62	94	.340
Washington	28	67	95	.295

The Commission at Work.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The national labor commission began its session in the federal building at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright occupied the chair by virtue of his office. Vice President Howard and Sovereign gave their views, and they brought forward the old argument of government ownership of railways. Nothing of importance was advanced by either. Debs will probably be examined Thursday.

Tossed by a Bull.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 16.—John Highland, of Maple street, went into a field and attempted to halter a bull Wednesday afternoon. The animal suddenly darted at Highland, catching him on its horn, and tossing him fully twenty feet in the air. When he fell to the ground the maddened beast gored him in a horrible manner, tearing his side open. He is in a precarious condition.

Why He Hanged Himself.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Aug. 16.—Charles W. Hodson, owner of the largest flouring mill in this part of the state, was found hanging in his barn at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning. He had recently purchased new machinery, but it did not work satisfactorily, and he brooded over it.

A Bomb for Crispi.

ROME, Aug. 16.—The police say that three of the anarchists arrested in the suburbs were in a plot to assassinate Premier Crispi. The bomb to be used by the assassin had been prepared, and Giganti, one of those arrested, had been chosen to throw it at the premier.

Double Drowning.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Aug. 16.—A boat load of cadets was capsized Wednesday evening at Sailors' lake, a few miles north of here. Will Townsend, of Nazareth, and Felix Webb, of the West Indies, were drowned.

Hawaiian Commissioners Leave for Home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Hawaiian royalist commissioners, who came to Washington about ten days ago, left the city Wednesday evening for Chicago, presumably on their return home.

Wellman Party at Tromsoe.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Tromsoe, Norway, says that Walter Wellman and his party arrived there Wednesday. No details were given.

CARLISLE'S LETTER.

The Secretary Says Free Sugar Will Cause a Large Deficit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—In the senate Wednesday, at the request of Mr. Harris (dem., Tenn.) each of the four house bills as to sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire was taken up, and received its second reading. This formality having been accomplished, Mr. Harris rose and said:

I deem it my duty to submit to the senate a communication from the secretary of the treasury received this morning. I send it to the clerk's desk so that it may be reported to the senate."

The secretary's letter was then read, as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15, 1894.

Hon. Isham G. Harris, Acting Chairman Finance Committee:

DEAR SIR—Your letter advising me that the house of representatives has passed and sent to the senate bills putting sugar, coal, iron and barbed wire on the free list, and requesting an official statement from you (me) as to the effect that the passage of these bills, or either of them, would have upon the revenues of the government, is received; and in response I have the honor to say that according to the most careful estimates that can be made, if no change is made in the proposed revenue legislation which has recently passed through congress, the total receipts into the treasury during the current fiscal year will be as follows:

From duties on imports, senate bill, including $13,000,000 on sugar, $179,000,000 from internal taxes, whisky $95,000,000, tobacco $33,000,000, fermented liquors $33,000,000, income $15,000,000, oleomargerine $1,800,000, playing cards $1,000,000, miscellaneous $200,000, from sale of lands and other miscellaneous sources $30,000,000. Grand total, $403,000,000.

The estimated receipts for the present fiscal year, from the proposed tax on income and playing cards, and the proposed additional tax of 20 cents per gallon on distilled spirits, are, it will be observed, much less than is stated in the various tabulated statements, which have been heretofore used in the discussion of these subjects, but I am satisfied the amounts here given are approximately correct.

The proposed income tax will not become payable by the terms of the bill recently passed until "on or before July 1, 1895," which is the close of the fiscal year; and it is estimated by the commissioner of internal revenue that, by reason of the large stock on hand, the receipts from the tax on playing cards will not amount to more than $1,000,000 during the year. The estimated increase of receipts on account of the additional tax on distilled spirits during the present year has already been prevented to a great extent by the withdrawal of large quantities of goods from the bonded warehouses and the payment of the tax thereon at ninety cents, and this process is still going on.

The total expenditures during the current fiscal year will be as follows: Civil and miscellaneous, including deficiencies in postal revenues, $90,000,000; war, including rivers and harbors, $56,000,000; navy, including new vessels and armament, $33,000,000; Indians, $10,000,000; pensions, $141,500,000; interest, $30,500,000; total, $363,000,000; estimated surplus, $15,000,000.

The duty on sugar, proposed in the recent bill, will, according to importations of that article during the fiscal year 1893, yield an annual revenue of $13,478,058, and the duties on the other articles mentioned in your communication would yield under that bill about $1,000,000; that is to say, iron ore, $270,920; coal, $436,149, and barbed wire, fencing wire and wire rods of iron or steel when imported for the manufacture of barbed wire and fencing, about $200,000.

It will be seen, therefore, that if sugar alone is placed upon the free list the expenditures during the present fiscal year will exceed the receipts to the amount of $22,478,058, and if duties are removed from all the articles specified in your letter the deficit will be 29,478,058, not including any expenditures on account of the sinking fund or the payment of $2,303,000 of Pacific railroad bonds which will mature during the fiscal year.

In view of the existing proposition and requirements of the public service I am of the opinion that it would not be safe to place all the articles enumerated in your letter, or even sugar alone, upon the free list, without imposing taxation upon other articles or subjects sufficient to raise an annual revenue of about $30,000,000.

I have the honor to be very respectfully yours, J. G. CARLISLE.

Tennessee Democrats Nominate.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 16.—The democratic state convention effected organization Wednesday afternoon. The committee was besieged with A. P. A. and anti-A. P. A. resolutions, and considerable time was consumed in disposing of these. Gov. Peter Turner was renominated by acclamation. The platform favors the maintenance of both gold and silver at a parity, and declares that the steady decrease in prices is due to the demonetization of silver. A resolution calling for a constitutional convention was defeated, and thereupon the two-thirds rule was abolished.

Hanged Her Baby.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 16.—A party of boys out chasing foxes Wednesday came upon the dogs burrowing in the ground. They made examination, and a foot under the surface came upon the remains of a child about a week old, wrapped in an old newspaper. Examination showed that the child had been strangled to death, there being a stout string drawn tightly about its neck. Further search showed a piece of the same string hanging from a tree near by, showing that the murderess had hanged the infant before burying it.

Glass Scale Arranged.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 16.—The conference Wednesday on the pressed-glass wage scale between the National Association of Pressed and Blown Label Manufacturers and the American Flint Glassworkers' union resulted in an amicable settlement. All the flint glass factories exclusive of the United States Glass Co.'s plants, are concerned and will resume operations early in September. The terms of settlement include concessions by the workers in almost every part of the scale.

No Taxes Paid.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 16.—Politicians are enjoying uneasy sensations since the present grand jury began to investigate the manner of collecting licenses from liquor dealers, and other privileges in Shelby county. Though 600 saloons and corner groceries operate in Memphis and Shelby county, not over one in five pays any state or county tax, and it is estimated that $2,000,000 have been lost to the county within a short time.

Unknown Man Murdered.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 16.—The finding of the body of an unknown murdered man, who had evidently been dead for several days, is puzzling the police. The body is that of a man about 35 years old. A bullet had pierced his cheek.

THE TIMES.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The Only Democratic Paper in Scioto County.

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY.

No. 90 West Second Street.

J. L. PATTERSON, Editor.
R. E. DODGE, Business Manager.

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By carrier, one year	$5 00
By carrier, six months	2.50
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By carrier, daily	.02
Weekly	$1.50
Weekly, if paid in advance	1.00

Thursday, - - August 16, 1894

THE Blade has the editor of the TIMES on a bicycle. We don't feel that it is any dishonor to ride a bicycle. At least we prefer to have the reputation of riding a bicycle on the streets of a Union city, under a Union flag, than the reputation of riding at the head of a band of Rebel guerrillas, who robbed and murdered both friend and foe.

FROM all over the country comes the news that factories are starting up, and heavy orders are piling in. A new era of prosperity seems to be setting in. Democrats should rejoice that at last a Democratic congress has overthrown the McKinley bill and lifted from the shoulders of the people the odious burdens of the McKinley bill. The fraudulent claims of the Republican party will no longer deceive the people. The next great fight will be for more and cheaper money. The constant appreciation of gold since the demonetization of silver in 1873, has robbed the farmer of half his farm. Free silver will come.

WE hear much of the trusts being protected by the senate bill. Who will name them and prove there has been protection given by the senate bill? The country needed revenue, and, barring the ⅛ differential given the sugar trust, we are not able to see any consistency in the Republican howl, and even in this case the McKinley bill gives the sugar trust four times as much protection, and a bounty of $15,000,000 to the producers and no revenue. When the senate bill is discussed and understood, and its effects are known the people will be ready for a further reduction. It is the greatest victory ever obtained in American politics. It was not a complete one, but the fight will be continued until the trusts and combines are dethroned. Their small following in the Democratic ranks will be driven out and made to line up with the Republican "boodlers" of the senate.

MONEY has ruled politics more and more each year. In Scioto county it is a disgrace to the honest citizens of both parties. Even the men who engage in it are disgusted with themselves and their fellow men. Has the time come when there is no honesty among politicians? It is time a new leaf was turned over in our midst. Instead of election day being a day of bargain and sale of the suffrage and honor of our fellow citizens it should be a day in which every man could go to the polls unmolested and uninfluenced by a money consideration. Have the Republican politicians of Scioto county a desire to free our politics from the odium that attaches to it on election day? Not a dollar should be used on election day. Every means used to secure a vote should be dropped, and every man permitted to vote his sentiments. Dare the Republicans allow such a vote?

Is it possible for the voters of Scioto county to have a free election, in which the belief of the voter dictates his action. If politicians are honest they can give us a fair election. Will they do it?

THE Pittsburg Post, in commenting on the tariff contest, says:

"It is the truth to say, that while the Democratic party must bear the responsibility, only the smallest fraction of that party is in reality censurable. The President and the house of representatives have met the full measure of their duty. It is in the senate, Democratic by a meager majority of one, that the party has been betrayed. It mattered not that nine-tenths of the Democratic senators were honestly in favor of carrying out the pledges of the national canvass, their power was blocked by treachery. Co-operating with the Republicans of the senate, that body was no longer Democratic, and the party not morally responsible for its action.

"But the Republicans in their very natural jubilation over Democratic failure, if there is to be failure, ignore one important lesson of this tariff battle, which is just now sinking deeper and deeper into the hearts of American people. That is, it has demonstrated beyond controversy, even among those who believe in protection, the fearful political demoralization the system brings in its train. The sugar trust is the creature of protection. Without protection it could never have gained its infernal arrogance and devilish power of corruption. It is owing to protection that its hired lobby can bid defiance to the American people, and dictate the measure of taxes that shall be levied in the name of the American people to swell the millions it has already plundered from these same people under the same taking disguise of protection. That is the great object lesson of the tariff battle of 1894. Havemeyer, the head of the trust, when asked his demands, in view of the demoralization in congress, said: "The McKinley sugar schedule." That is what gave the trust its power and money.

We believe the American people, during the last three months, which have witnessed the sugar trust holding the American congress by the throat in its highway demands, have learned a lesson of the logical possibilities and infamies of trust and monopoly protection that has never before been laid before them with such unerring force. Harper's Weekly is by no means favorable to the Democratic party or administration. It has lately resumed its former relations to the Republican party to a very great extent. We believe what it says in this extract, from the leading editorial in its current issue, pictures what is now passing in the minds of thousands who are just awaking to the inherent wrongs and corruption of the protection system, as it has been exemplified by McKinley and enforced by the Republican party. The text of the article is "The fearful demoralization the protection system brings in its train," and the "Weekly" says:

"The spectacle of the sugar trust, having been made financially as powerful as it is by the bounty of the government at the expense of the people, standing before the congress of the United States, and imperiously dictating its terms—saying, "Unless you put into your tariff bill such provisions in my favor, you shall pass no tariff bill at all"—such a spectacle should be sufficient to set on fire the blood of every patriotic and self-respecting American. How many times may not similar things have happened without being exposed! And what will become of our free institutions, and of the morality of our people, if such practices are permitted to go on? It is useless to say that a change of party in power will remedy the evil. For it is a matter of record that this same sugar trust obtained much greater benefits from the Republican leaders who made the McKinley act than it dared to ask for through that little band of Democratic tricksters, and that those larger concessions were made by the Republicans under circumstances fully as significant as those surrounding the present case. It is equally indisputable that the Republicans have introduced and now champion the demoralizing system of which the present scandal is only an object lesson, and which the Democrats now find so difficult to abolish. The Republicans, therefore, are by far the guiltier party of the two, and their return to power would only aggravate the evil. There is no remedy but the abolition of the system which at our national elections puts up untold millions as stakes to be played for, and which makes congress the regular market place for the purchase and sale of laws involving fortunes to be made at the public's expense.

"Who can gainsay the truth of this? If such there be, he need be referred only to what has been going on at the capital for months. That Democrats have been seduced from duty by the allurements and bribes of the trust only makes the argument the stronger as to the omnipotence of these tariff-created trusts. There should be no let up in the tariff war, no matter what may be the result on the present tariff bill, until every scrap and scrimpage of protection levied in favor of the trusts has been wiped out. That is the platform of the future.

RESTORING SILVER.

The Way to Do It Is to Adopt Horace Greeley's Advice About Resumption.

There is nothing very confusing or requiring any large amount of intricacy in the preparation of a bill which would restore silver to the mintage rights it enjoyed prior to 1873, and again place the United States on a bimetallic basis. Horace Greeley used to say in the old New York Tribune that "the way to resume is to resume." So it may be said that the way to remonetize silver is to repeal the law by which it was demonetized and re-enact the statute of 1837. Silver was demonetized by dropping the silver dollar out of the coinage act; it can be remonetized by restoring the silver dollar to the list of coins. An act of congress of less than 100 words can do it all; and yet there are schemes proposed which would require twenty pages of the federal statutes to cover, and if they were enacted into law they would be inoperative because they would be cumbersome.

In urging a free-coinage measure the friends of silver should not waste their brains or their energies on any such plans. Avoid all schemes. Simply insist that the silver dollar shall be restored to the list of federal coins, where it stood prior to 1873; and when it is thus restored silver will be remonetized. This is all there is to it. Nothing can be more simple, and because it is so simple people do not seem to see it. Of course an act providing for silver certificates of large denominations, issued for convenience, is another thing, and has no direct bearing on any act that would restore silver to the coinage.—Denver News.

Reed's Conversion.

Mr. Reed's conversion to bimetallism is perfect and complete, and, like a shrewd and zealous neophyte, he wishes to convert somebody esle forthwith. To this end he is even willing as a compensation to surrender the remaining shreds of the high protective tariff dogma by which he so long held and to accept a doctrine bordering very closely on free trade. Reed is a brainy, intelligent man, and his coming over to the silver side is not to be wondered at. He is too intelligent a man not to see the justice of silver's claims, too astute a politician not to recognize the certainty of the victory of silver.—Chicago Times.

A STRANGE dream so disturbed an East Greenfield (O.), mother that she awoke with a start. She imagined that she had been drowning cats in a well and their piteous wails aroused her. Then she discovered that she had dashed her own infant out of the bed with such force that its skull was crushed.

THE MIKADO OF JAPAN.

The most enlightened and progressive of Asiatic monarchs. A few years ago he gave Japan a representative form of government and concluded treaties with the civilized nations of the earth which have opened the markets of the world to Japanese enterprise. He is a man of middle age. The promptness with which he resented Chinese interference in Corea and the masterly manner in which he massed troops in that country show that he is a great soldier as well as statesman.

PRODUCTION OF GOLD.

The Yearly Supply Has Remained About Stationary for Forty Years.

Several of our contemporaries are making a great ado over the report which Mint Director Preston recently transmitted to congress, in which he undertakes to prove an immense increase in the production of gold. To this end Mr. Preston makes "estimates" with a free hand. Just how much these "estimates" are worth remains to be seen; but, if our friends who are so intent on proving a sudden and enormous increase in the production of gold are not careful they will strike a very hard blow to their favorite theory of the superior stability of the gold metal. According to Mr. Preston's estimates, the world's production of gold for the year 1893 is just about what it was forty years ago, in 1853. In the meanwhile it has undergone a great many violent fluctuations, up and down. Figures, however, as to the production of a single year are of no particular significance, because the addition of one year's production to the existing mass has no appreciable effect on the value of the whole. By selecting different years to suit himself, any man may prove either that the production of gold is increasing or that it is diminishing. The fact is that while there have been great fluctuations in the production of gold for the past forty years, the production on the whole has increased very little. If we take the first half of this period and compare it with the last, counting in Mr. Preston's estimates, we find the average annual production almost the same, being a trifle greater in the last half. If we compare the first decade with the last, or the first five years with the last five years, we still find that the average annual production remains close to the same figure in each. The average annual production for the first twenty years was about $114,000,000, and for the last twenty years about 112,000,000, and this is about the average for the whole forty years. The fluctuations from time to time have been wide, but, taking the whole period, it is evident that the production of gold has for many years remained practically stationary.

In this we have made no account of the immense increase in the use of gold for other purposes than coinage. This is variously estimated at from 65 to 100 per cent. Our own statistics show that two-thirds of the United States gold supply is consumed in the arts.—Memphis Commercial.

GOVERNMENT GOLD.

How It Is Put Into the Treasury at One Window and Drawn Out at Another.

The telegraphic reports from Washington of Secretary Carlisle's worry over the outflow of gold from the treasury, with the authorized estimates showing a probable discouraging continuation of that outflow, may be taken as an indication that a new issue of interest-bearing bonds will soon be proposed. It should arouse the public attention to the strangling hold which professional money dealers have on the United States treasury and through that means on the nation's finances.

As the result of successive legal enactments instigated by money sharpers, the single gold standard has been practically forced upon the United States. General prices have thereby been disastrously pulled down and the life of business has been paralyzed. The demand upon gold for purposes of redemption has been doubled by the dethronement of silver and again multiplied by the unjust discrimination of some official decisions of our government and by the gross illegality of others.

Under existing circumstances no one should be surprised at movements of gold from the United States treasury, or be at a loss to account for them. Apart from the obvious explanation that the demand for gold is far greater than the supply and that when it is worth more elsewhere than here there will be an outer movement, the money syndicate has acquired absolute control over government gold in the United States and can empty the treasury of that metal at will, even though there should be no call for it in other countries.

The case stands thus: The depletion of gold in the treasury makes the purchase of gold by the issue of bonds a necessity in order that the government may meet its obligations. When bonds are offered on satisfactory terms, the eastern banks and investment companies are prepared to supply the gold without limit, since they may use any of nearly $500,000,000 of greenbacks and treasury notes with which to draw the gold out of the treasury at one window the same day or hour in which it has been exchanged for bonds at another window.—Denver News.

The arrangement for the lawn fete to be given this Thursday evening at the residence of Mrs. Chick by the ladies of Sixth Street M. E. church is, if it rains the entertainment will be held at Sixth Street church. Don't let the weather keep you away. Anticipating a crowd, the ladies have provided ice cream, etc., accordingly, which will be sold at the usual prices. The electric cars will run late to accommodate the crowd.

AMERICAN LUMBER ABROAD.

It Is Sold in Every Country—Reports from United States Consuls.

One of the most valuable publications ever issued from the state department has appeared. It consists of reports from American consuls throughout the world regarding United States lumber in foreign markets. While intended primarily for the advantage of American lumber producers and shippers, the information is of unusual general interest, according to the Hartford Times. The remarkable fact is shown that the United States sends lumber to every country on the globe, and that, while in many lands the market is virtually controlled by the shippers of this country, there are still great possibilities of increased sales.

It is astonishing to learn that nearly all the building lumber imported by Africa comes from the United States; that Japan buys it, and that no other lumber enters South American ports. In Samoa four cents a foot is paid for rough Oregon pine and California redwood. Hawaii, by letting American lumber in free of duty and charging ten per cent. duty on Canadian lumber virtually prohibits the importation of the latter. Consul Mills, of Honolulu, reports that all the timber used there comes from the United States. Even the island of New Caledonia prefers pine from Washington, and pays about twenty dollars for fifty-three cubic feet. All the lumber used in Madeira comes from Maine, North Carolina and Nova Scotia; while Mexico and the West Indies rely wholly upon the United States. Australia buys a million dollars' worth every year, and would take as much more if it could be bought readily.

The great difficulty appears to be in procuring the transport of the American wood. Little is carried by American ships. The principal rivals of this country in the world's lumber trade are Canada and Norway, except in England, where Russia and Germany are competitors, and in Austria, which is supplied by countries on the Mediterranean. Austria, however, gets her staves from the United States, as do most of the other nations of Europe. More lumber from the United States than from Canada is used in Great Britain. Nearly all the spools are made of white birch of Maine. Even Oregon timber reaches England. One patriotic consul protests against selling American lumber in foreign countries, because it may ruin the forests of the United States. It appears from most consular reports that comparatively few of the countries have wooden houses on account of the great expense of lumber, and that transportation facilities alone prevent the substitution of wood for stone and similar materials. This is generally the case in tropical countries, where the woods are too hard to be profitably used for ordinary construction. From a business point of view it is shown that the American export lumber trade is still in its infancy, though American timber is probably more widely known than any other product of this country.

Four Tongues.

"He is an accomplished linguist, is he not?"

"Yes, indeed. Understands English, French, German and the language spoken in the city council."—Chicago Record.

On Business.

Hazel—Will you believe it, during my long and serious illness only one of my relatives called on me.

Nutte—And why did he come?

Hazel—Oh, he is an undertaker.—Judge.

$100 Reward, $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. 75c.

Excursion to Washington, D. C.

On account of the Knights of Pythias Conclave at Washington, D. C., the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railway offers a rate of one fare for the round trip from all points on its lines. Tickets on sale August 22th to 26th, good returning until September 15th. Splendid opportunity to visit the capital at low rate. For particulars apply to any agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railway, or address G. B. Warfel, assistant general passenger agent, Cincinnati, O.

The TIMES leads them all.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

The free list bill will be bitterly fought in the senate.

The Wheeling (W. Va.) steel works are running full force and time.

The guillotine for Santo's execution has been shipped from Paris to Lyons.

Strict neutrality has been enjoined on all British subjects in the far east.

Tom Messengale imprisoned Mrs. Henry Genery in an eastern Tennessee cave.

All the European steamship lines are doing a rushing business on steerage tickets.

The Missouri republican state convention declared in favor of free silver coinage.

The Negro democratic league indorsed Cleveland and the Chicago platform.

Anothey South American agency of the Cincinnati board of trade is to be established.

Cincinnati-banksare pushed with the demand for money on the part of whisky men.

Seven Chinese vessels of war are reported sunk in an engagement with the Japanese.

Fire is sweeping the prairies north of Gas City, Ind., and several farmers are heavy losers.

Guatemala, Nicaragua, San Salvador and Honduras are to be united under one government.

An infernal machine was sent to Alderman Coughlin, of Chicago, who is fighting the opium joints.

Police Sergts. Jordan, McKenna, Leiters, Parkerson and Clark are on trial in New York for extortion.

An alleged anarchist plot has been discovered in Chicago, having in view the wholesale burning of valuable property.

The Lake Shore officials have reason to believe that an organized band of bandits are operating on the line of the road in Indiana.

The prince of Wales denies that the duke of York was privately married previous to his nuptials with the Princess May of Teck.

Jacob R. Coxey was chased out of camp at Hyattsville, Md., for saying that he had nothing more to do with the commonwealers.

At Columbus, O., Police Prosecutor C. W. Voorhees was ejected from the Grand opera house because he was taking in the show without paying.

At Shelbyville, Ind., little Cora Higgins, 7 years of age, playfully pointed a 22-caliber rifle at Miss Eva Bowman and bulled the trigger. They didn't know it was loaded, and Eva was seriously wounded.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.

FLOUR—Spring patent, $3.35@3.90; do fancy at $2.75@3.00; do family at $2.35@2.60. Winter patent quotable at $2.85@3.10; fancy at $2.40@2.60; family at $2.10@2.20; extra at $1.70@1.80; low grades at $1.70@1.80.

WHEAT—The market is quiet and sales are difficult to make. Sales of sample red, landing, at 49c.

CORN—Sales: White ear, to arrive, at 54½c; do track, at 56c; No. 2 white, track, at 58c;

OATS—Sales of No. 2 mixed, track, at 31½c; sample white (hot), track, at 33c; No. 2 white track, at 36c.

RYE—Sale of No. 2 track, 45c.

CATTLE—Heavy steers, $3.75@4.25; select butchers', $3.50@3.75; fair to medium, $3.00@3.25; common to ordinary, $2.00@3.00. Oxen—$1.25@3.50. Heifers—Good to choice, $3.00@3.25; fair to medium, $2.25@2.75.

CALVES—Common and large, $1.50@2.50; fair to good, $3.75@4.25; extra fine, $4.75@5.25; a few being $5.50.

HOGS—Select butchers', $5.45@5.70; packing, $5.35@5.55; common and rough, $4.65@5.00; light shippers, $5.20@5.40; common to fair pigs, $4.25@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Top yearlings, $3.40@3.40; good to choice ewes and wethers, $2.21@2.80. Lambs: Shippers' extra, $4.50@4.65; only a few loads sold at this quotation; fair to good shippers range from $4.25@4.50; good to choice, $3.75@4.25; butchers' extra, $2.80@2.80; common to good, $2.25@2.55; calls, $1.50@2.00.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb, 8@10c; quarter blood clothing, 12½@13c; medium delaine and clothing, 13@14c; coarse, 11c; medium combings 13@14c. Washed: Fine merino, X to XX, per lb, 10@12c; medium clothing, 15@16c; delaine fleece, 15@16c; long combing, 15@16c; quarter blood and low, 15@16c; common coarse, 16@17c; tub-washed, choice, 19@20c; tub-washed, average, 18c.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 15.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and August, 56½@56⅝c; September, 56¾@57c; December, 60¼@60½c.

CORN—Mixed spot, 59@59½c.

OATS—No. 2 white western, 37@38c; No. 2 mixed, 35c.

RYE—No. 2, 46½c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.

RYE—Western, 48@57c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red store and elevator, 58¼@58½c; afloat, 58⅝c; ungraded red, 54@59c; No. 1 northern, 68½c.

CORN—Dull: No. 2, 62¾c; elevator, 63½@64c afloat.

OATS—No. 2, 33½@34c; No. 2 white, 36½@37c; No. 2 Chicago, 34½@35c; No. 3, 35c; No. 3 white, 36@36½c; mixed western, 34@35c; white do, 35@45c; white state, 36@45c.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 15.

WHEAT—No. 2 red cash, 51⅝c; September, 54½c; December, 57⅝c; No. 3 red cash, 51½c; No. 1 white cash, 55½c.

CORN—No trading.

OATS—Nominal.

CLOVER-SEED—Firm: October, $5.00; November, $5.05; February, $5.80.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 15.

CATTLE—Prime, $4.40@4.60; good, $3.90@4.10; good butchers, $3.50@3.65; rough fat, $2.65@3.15; fair light steers, $2.40@3.15; good fat cows and heifers, $2.40@3.10.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $5.50@5.60; best Yorkers, $5.40@5.50; common to fair Yorkers, $5.20@5.30; pigs, $5.10@5.20; good sows, $4.75@5.00.

SHEEP—Extra, $3.10@3.40; good, $2.15@2.50; common, 50c@$1.00; yearlings, $1.25@1.30; lambs $2.00@2.80.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 15.

CATTLE—Fat cows, $2.25@2.70, no good cattle here.

HOGS—Good to choice corn-fed hogs fully 15c to 25c better. Yorkers, corn-fed, $5.75@5.80; grassers, $5.40@5.50; medium and mixed, $5.85@5.90, no extra heavy here; good sold at $5.90; roughs, $4.50@5.00; stags, $3.50@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep very dull. Best lambs, $1.25@1.50, common to good, $3.25@4.00; export wethers, $3.50@3.75; export ewes, $3.25@3.50, mixed sheep, $2.25@2.75.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.

CASH QUOTATIONS—Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat, 51½@52½c; No. 3 spring wheat, nominal; No. 2 red, 51½@52½c; No. 2 corn, 55½c; No. 2 oats, 30½c; No. 2 white, 31½@35½c; No. 3 white, 31@34½c; No. 2 rye, 47½c; No. 2, barley, 57c; No. 3 [illegible].

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 15.

CATTLE—Good to choice shipping steers, $4.00@4.50; medium to good shipping steers, $[illegible]@3.80; common to fair steers, $2.25@3.25.

HOGS—Good to choice medium and heavy, $5.50@5.65; mixed and heavy, $5.35@5.50; good to choice light weights, $5.35@5.50.

SHEEP—[illegible].

ROBERT DODGE,

: DEALER IN :

: GROCERIES.

The Best Butter,

The Freshest Eggs,

: : : In the Market.

At the Old Stand,

76 West Second St.

Fountain Head for Bargains.

CONNOLLEY'S SHOE STORE.

It is important to bear in mind that Connolley's Shoe store cannot be beat for good goods, and low prices.

Thrifty, frugal heads of families and housekeepers, are well aware of the fact that here critical care and judgement are used in the quality and price of shoes, giving the customer a choice from a large assortment at the very lowest margin of profit. Compare goods. Compare prices.

Men's dandy Buff Congress or Bals at $1.25.

Men's Tip Top Calf Congress or Bals, Welt, at $2.25.

Woman's Nancy Hanks, Dongola Kid Button at $1.00.

Woman's Clermont, Bright Dongola Button $1.50.

Childrens' all solid at 55 cents and 75 cents.

Odd sizes and slow movers in Men's, Womans' and Children's on our Bargain Tables, at away down prices. Come in and look them over.

415 CHILLICOTHE STREET.

Guaranteed for Five Years.

The Challenge Sewing Machine, which has all the late improvements, is on sale at Connolley's store. A number one machine at a very low price.

Summer Goods

: AT :

E. E. EWING'S

75 West Second Street.

Ice Cream Freezers, Fruit Jars,
Jelly Tumblers, Croquet Sets,
Hammocks, Glass Cake Covers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Lemon Juicers only 10c each,
The cutest thing for the purpose.
Coal Oil Stoves, single burner,
Just the thing on which to make coffee at picnics.
Lemonade Shakers, Tumblers and Straws,
Straws that show which way the Lemonade goes.

For goods that are good and cheap,
Remember to go to

EWING'S.

Good Baking Powder

Makes Good Bread.

Good Bread

Makes a Happy Wife.

Try our Baking Powder and you will always be happy.

FISHER & STREICH,

Opposite Postoffice.

FOR SALE

Either as a whole or will be subdivided to suit purchaser, a 40 acre farm, situated at the intersection of the Portsmouth and Haverhill and Munn's Run turnpikes, about ¼ mile east of New Boston. For detailed description and further particulars, see

THOMPSON & KRICKER,

Real Estate and Loan Agents,

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OFFICE: 81½ Second St. PORTSMOUTH, O.

Summer Goods Must Move.

All 8⅓c and 10c Lawns at 5c.

12½c and 15c Lawns at 10c.

Beautiful Pongees at 10c.

Princess Ducks at 10c.

Brown Muslin at 4½c and 5c.

Best Muslin Bargain in Town.

Big Cut in Our Trimmed Hats.

$1.50 Hats at $1.00.

$2.00 Hats at $1.33.

$2.50 Hats at $1.67.

$3.00 Hats at $2.00.

$4.00 Hats at $2.67.

$5.00 Hats at $3.67.

MARTING BROS. & CO.

WEBER'S

THE best is the cheapest. Why throw you money away on trash, when you can buy good goods at as low a price as they can be bought for anywhere. We will not misrepresent by saying that we will sell you Ladies' Shoes at 99c, where other merchants sell at $2.50, and Men's Shoes at $2.99, where other merchants sell at $7.00. I cannot do it and I will say no other man can that is not misrepresenting the truth and selling goods by false pretence. If I cannot sell you goods straight I don't want to sell you, but if you want to buy goods at right prices come to

WEBER'S SHOE STORE,

Corner Second and Court Streets.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL,

FRED RIDER, PROPRIETOR.

154 West Second St. Just Below Market.

RATES: $1 PER DAY.

Restaurant Connected. Good Meals and Good Beds at All Hours.

The Stanton & Balmert Company

Distillers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOURBON AND RYE ◊ WHISKIES ◊ IMPORTED WINES

161 and 163 W. Front St. PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.

ELOQUENCE.

Lots of It at the Council Meeting Last Evening.

Bannon, the Reform Statesman, Makes a Queer Motion.

Turley Makes an Eloquent Plea for Pork and Beef, and Thinks They Should be Protected—Council Goes Into Committee on the Whole and the Whole of Them Talk at Once.

The feature of the council meeting last evening was the amount of oratory indulged in. It was decidedly a windy night. Members who never before had been suspected of possessing any Patrick Henry powers, astonished the crowd with their eloquence

For instance Mr. Turley, usually so shy and retiring waxed eloquent and almost drew tears from the eyes of Mr. Kricker by a glowing eulogium on salt pork and porkers in general.

Mr. Bannon's request that the city clerk, furnish him an itemized statement of what became of the Sixth ward sewer bond money caused a little flurry and caused the exponent of purity and reform to become the center of observation for a few minutes. Nothing of any great importance came up for consideration.

The council was called to order promptly at 8 o'clock, Messrs. Adams, Bannon, Connolley, Doty, Stevens, Ross, Wall, Neill, Kricker, Goodman and President Ridenour responding to roll call.

Clerk Thompson had a hard time of it reading the minutes, the pesky horn of the Salvation Army captain on the near-by square, insisting on playing while he was reading.

Under the head of petitions Mr. Wall read a request to top the Third street sewer from Charles Rauch, Charles Woods. Their prayer was granted.

Mr. Bannon raised the point of order that council must begin where it left off at the last regular meeting, council having then adjourned by limitation.

Mr. Doty moved that the rules be suspended and council begin at the beginning. This was lost by a vote of 9 1, Mr. Bannon voting nay.

The president called for the report of the committee on sewers. Mr. Stevens moved that the N. & W. be instructed to continue their sewer on Offnere street to the Fifth street man hole or declare it a nuisance. Mr. Doty offered as a substitute that the engineer be instructed to report estimated cost of continuing the sewer and that this be done and the N. & W. compelled to pay for it. This was carried.

Mr. Bannon moved that the committee on law and claims be furnished by the city clerk with an itemized statement showing what became of the $35,000 expended for the Sixth ward sewer, that sewer now being entirely completed. This was carried.

The following schedule was allowed:

Chas. Craignailes, garbage contract	$100 00
Wm. Barklow, street sweeping contract	69 04
Ben Johnson, cleaning council chamber	6 00
Winslow, Laurie & Co., advertising bond sale, N. Y. Post	28 50
John Ritchie, serving notices, Market street	31 65
W. W. Reilley & Co., supplies	2 63
R. S. Pritchard, repairs	75
Portsmouth Gas and Electric Co., gas for July	22 35
Ed. Johnson, hats for police	10 50
Central Union Tel. Co., telephone	9 00
Peter de Lotel, fireman	10 00
C. Flannigan, hay, fire department	35 98
Aaron Briggs, oats, fire department	24 33
Edmonds & Duplaine, brooms	3 50
Phillips & Bender, horse shoeing	2 25
Ph. Zoellner, repairs, fire department	1 25
A. Brunner, supplies, fire department	9 75
E. J. Stevens & Co., brick	22 10
Sundry persons, work on streets and sewer	381 60
U. S. Express Co., express charges	1 00
Total	$772 21

The item for serving notices on Market street improvements for $31.65 was discussed. It had been approved by the committee on streets, but minutes showed that it had been referred to the solicitor and committee on law and claims. Hence an excuse for a wrangle which was not lost sight of. Mr. Doty claimed that over $300 had been paid out to the street commissioner for serving notices at various times. The talk amounted to nothing, and the schedule was allowed by a unanimous vote.

Mr. Doty then moved that work of such a character be done by the street commissioner witout extra compensation. This was lost by a viva voce vote.

The engineer said that it would be necessary to re-lay the Third street gutter, on the south side, to secure good drainage, and also to re-lay 110 feet of a gutter on Sixth street just west of Court street.

Mr. Bannon moved that the solicitor report as to the liability of the city for payment of bills for re-laying gutters.

The mayor, engineer and chief of fire department, as a committee to examine the matter of Goltz Bros. keeping coal oil in a stable, reported that in their judgment the keeping of oil was dangerous and a menace to the city, inasmuch as the stable and surrounding stables were full of hay. The report recommended the amending of the ordinance so as to prohibit any person from keeping in their building for sale, more than two barels of oil at a time and also to exclude the Standard Oil Co. from this.

Mr. Bannon moved that the solicitor be instructed to bring in amendments in accordance with the suggestions of the committee.

Mr. Kricker did not like the report at all, and sait it was not what council wanted at all. He moved to accept the report and to refer the matter to the fire committee to report as to whether, in their opinion, it was dangerous to keep oil in the present location in any quantity.

Mr. Turley said he thought the trouble with the council was they spent too much time in discussing insignificant questions. This had the effect of stirring up the president and the motion was put and carried.

A resolution to pay a note of $800 to McFarlin & Hutchins and $24 semi-annual interest due August 24, was passed.

A resolution to pay $31.00 street improvement bonds and also for $697.50 out of interest fund to pay semi-annual interest both due in New York, September 1 1894, were passed.

Mr. Doty moved that the mayor and city clerk be instructed to issue a note ro Mr. Gerlach for $450 to pay for property on Union street recently condemned. The note to be for four months, at six per cent interest. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Doty stated that the street sweeping contract expired September 29 and moved that the street committee be empowered to receive bids. Mr. Kricker amended by instructing them to advertise. This prevailed.

The fire committee asked authority to purchase a heater for the engine for the East End fire station estimated cost $175.

Mr. Turley thought bids should be received, and moved an amendment to that effect which prevailed.

The fire committee asked authority to purchase six additional fire alarm boxes, at a cost of $3 each. This was granted.

Mr. Connolley called attention to the upper ferry landing, and suggestedthat the city make a landing of her own at the foot of Union street, estimated cost not to exceed $225. The manager of the ferry also agreed to carry stone across from Kentucky free of charge. He moved that the committee on public landings be authorized to receive bids for the improvement. The present landing at the upper ferry is on the land of Mr. Peebles, and is liable to be closed at any time. Mr. Kricker thought it a proper thing to encourage the upper ferry, as it brought purchasers into the city and also had had the effect of reducing rates on the lower ferry. Mr. Connolley's motion prevailed, and after the necessary consent of property owners have been received, the grade will be constructed.

Mr. Ross reported that the Madison street engine house was in bad shape and needed repairing; also he had collected $5.80 for park fences.

Mr. Ross also said there was some misunderstanding between himself and Mr. Hale about fixing up the park cannon, he having found that $27 was too cheap. He wanted $8 more for painting them. On motion Mr. Hale was allowed the additional sum.

Mr. Ross then took up the engine house, which he said was in danger of falling down, and could be repaired at a small cost. A motion was made that the committee repair the Madison street engine house. The motion prevailed.

A proposition to grade, gravel and curb with paving brick walks in Tracy park, from Jacob J. Bauer, for the sum of $58.65, was read by the chairman of the parks and public property. A motion was made to award the contract to Mr. Bauer, but Mr. Kricker moved a substitute that the matter be referred to the engineer and committee to advertise for bids.

Henry Walton had lost $9 worth of city orders. He was ordered paid, on condition that he would indemnify the city by bond in case the orders are paid again.

The committee on parks and public property was instructed to get prices on gas lamps and report back to council for instructions.

Mr. Turley moved that the same committee be authorized to purchase one tree box at a price not to exceed 50 cents. Mr. Kricker amended by leaving the cost to the discretion of the committee. As amended the motion prevailed.

Mr. Turley said the railroad crossing at Offnere and Tenth streets was very dangerous and moved that committee on railroads and telegraphs do all in their power to get a watchman or gates. Carried.

Mr. Adams moved that the clerk notify the railroads to plank their tracks at the Lincoln street crossing. This is done through the railroad commissioner. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Doty read a resolution charging J. J. Rarden, Wm. G. Horr and others, be requested to furnish $1,500 to cover expenses of opening up Grimes avenue, and that the extent allowed by law be assessed back on the property abutting, in accordance with the appropriating ordinance, and returned to the bondsmen. Mr. Connolley said a certain property owner would enjoin the collection of the assessments. The resolution was voted on, Mr. Connolley voting no. Mr. Kricker did not think the city could collect the assessments on Grimes avenue, as it was not a thoroughfare of a general nature, merely connecting a couple of squares, but voted yes. Mr. Turley, before voting, said he could not understand the matter at all, and was afraid the passage of the resolution would cause further legal entanglement. Mr. Turley then voted aye. The president asked Mr. Rarden for an expression of opinion, and that gentleman said that he did not understand that himself and Horr were to put up $1,500. He did not think that was the agreement at all, and he and Horr would not pay the sum. He understood that the city was to put the street through and collect the money by assessment in the regular way. The bond was to make good what the city could not collect. Mr. Doty then stated that both Rarden and Horr had talked to him strictly in accordance with the resolution he introduced. He changed his vote, as also did Messrs. Wall, Adams, and Stevens. Mr. Turley moved to refer the whole matter back to the committee on streets.

Then everybody got mixed up and another vote was talked of. After much talk, Mr. Kricker moved to lay the motion on the table and Mr. Turley seconded. This was lost, Adams, Kricker and Turley alone voting aye.

Mr. Turley then moved to refer back to the committee and the solicitor. Carried unanimously. The other motions were dropped ingloriously. One of the most amusing things of this discussion was a statement of Mr. Ross that he did not know where he was or what to do. We suggest that Mr. Ross resign as a good way out of the dilemma.

The time for adjournment having been extended one hour, Mr. Turley brought up a subject dear to his heart—the huckster's ordinance. In order to talk matters over and have a big time all around, it was decided to go into committee on the whole, Mr. Connolley taking the chair. Then for an hour council monkeyed with the ordinance. They examined it in all its phases, they amended it and then amended the amendments, while Mr. Turley even ventured to wax eloquent on so prosaic a subject as salt pork, and Mr. Goodman drew a brillant word picture of an innocent cow peacefully gazing in the pasture fields and demanded in clarion tones what she knew or cared about protection. Mr. Ball explained no less than four times the object and intentions of the ordinance and defined for the satisfaction of Messrs. Kricker and Ridenour just what huckster meant "dictionarily" defined. Mr. Turley thought protection to home butchers was the thing, while Mr. Kricker planted his foot firm and hard for "revenue only." All of which had the effect of confusing Mr. Ross, and drew from him the agonized exclamation, "I don't don't know where we are or what to do."

Mr. Turley then in all soberness said "Gentleman this is no joke," at which everybody laughed prodigiously and the fun went on. When at last the speechy members had got tired of talking, the council rose from committee on the whole and reported the ordinance back, and it was decided to leave the whole thing over till some future time. Council then adjourned.

OLD SOL KNOCKED OUT.

The Photographer Has No Longer Any Need for His Services.

Old Sol has long been unnecessary in the taking of photographs.

Up to the present time, however, he has probably exulted in thinking that his uncertain services must be had to print the photograph.

But again the old chap has been given the go-by, says the New York Advertiser, and he is not now a necessity at any stage of the game. He may sulk and hide his face or pop it out from behind the clouds momentarily as much as he pleases, but with photographers he no longer "cuts any ice."

Electricity has scored a victory over the old chap, and it is practically a knock-out in this particular line.

Before pictures have been taken in the daytime by the aid of electric light and at night by flash light, but to get a proof printed one had to wait until the next afternoon anyhow and sometimes longer, all according to Old Sol's humor.

Now one can go to his photographer—providing that gentleman has the proper apparatus—at any time, even at midnight, and sit for his photograph. Not only that, if he is willing to wait half an hour he may receive a nice, soft print from the negative.

The apparatus consists of an ordinary camera, a forty-five hundred candle power arc light for the taking, a six thousand candle power arc light for the printing.

Instead of sitting in the open room the subject sits in a sort of canopy, the sides and top being white and at the back the ordinary background.

Instead of having the light shine directly on the subject it shines away and is reflected softly back from the white sides.

Watches were held for the test, and a six-second exposure was made. The plate was then developed and dried quickly, coming out good and clear. It was then taken to the printing room, and after ten minutes under the influence of the powerful arc light the paper and negative were taken from the box. The print was remarkably soft, clear and accurate.

All the time taken from the snap of the camera until the print was finished was thirty-two minutes, and ordinary materials only were used.

This relegates Old Sol to the rear—a back number as a potographer's assistant.

"Europe's Unhealthy Cities.

The most unhealthy city in Europe, according to statistics recently issued, is Barcelona, Spain, one of the loveliest places in that part of the continent. One who lives in Barcelona increases considerably his chances of death. Of every 1,000 persons, there die in Edinburgh annually 19; in London, 20; in Stockholm, 21; in Brussels, 22; in Berlin and Paris, 23, and in Barcelona, 31. The number of deaths there in every 1,000 people at the present time exceeds the number of births.

Sponge It!

"What is the meaning of the words, de mortuis nil nisi bene?" asked Johnny Fizzletop of his father.

"It means, my son, that when a man closes both eyes the public is expected to close one eye, at least, to whatever wrongs he may have committed when alive."—Alex Sweet, in Texas Siftings.

An Episode.

Chappie—Did you hear of the dreadful accident that happened to Champleigh?

Sappie—No; what was it?

Chappie—He proposed to the rich Miss Duckattes and she refused him on the spot.—Detroit Free Press.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cent per box. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

To Horse Owners.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

South Webster.

Rev. R. A. Blair and wife are attending camp meeting at Lancaster, O.

John McCall of Portsmouth, was here visiting friends and relatives last Sunday.

Martin Linck, representing the Portsmouth Hat and Shoe Co., was here last week and sold quite a large bill of hats to our merchants.

John C. Bauer, traveling salesman for M. B. Gilbert & Co., was here Tuesday calling on the merchants and taking orders.

Our new marshal, Ph. McCammon, made his first arrest Tuesday, in the shape of a tin peddler, for selling or attempting to sell without license. He was brought before Mayor Gist and paid his fine and promptly skipped the town.

R. B. Cross the C. & O. operator at Springdale, Ky., returned to work last Monday after a short visit with his parents and friends at this place.

Rev. Henniger, the new German Lutheran preacher moved here last Wednesday from St. Louis, Mo.

The Whitmer Medicine Co. and dog show pulled up stakes and left town last Monday after about ten days' stay. They gave away several prizes while here, among which was a watch, a young fellow from Bloom Furnace being the lucky man. Clarence Nobbe also drew a fine dress pattern, which he promptly handed over to his best girl. It is estimated that they left this place at least $150 better off than when they came. They are now at Oak Hill, extolling the merits of their different medicines.

Mrs. Sarah Hawkins, of Quincy, Ky., is here visiting friends and acquaintances at this writing.

Miss Adah McCall, of Portsmouth, after a pleasant visit of several weeks in our town, returned home last Sunday.

Mr. A. G. Dunn and wife are here visiting their parents. Albert is on the sick list, but is somewhat better at this writing.

There was a quiet little wedding at Pinkerman's last Tuesday. Miss Maude Nail and Mr. Fred Weber, of Portsmouth were the contracting parties. Quite a large crowd from Portsmouth, Mr. Weber's relatives and friends, were in attendance. They will reside in Portsmouth, where the groom works at his trade as stone cutter. Our best wishes go with them for their future prosperity and welfare.

The Webster Fire Brick company has added a new steam press to its line of machinery, and is now turning out some of the finest building brick that can be found in any part of the country.

Mr. Tolen, an aged gentleman, residing near Bloom Switch, came very near being killed by the cars last Tuesday. He was on his way to Bloom Furnace with a two-horse team, and attempted to cross the crossing a short distance above Bloom Switch. He succeeded in getting across all but the hind carriage of his wagon, when it was struck by the northbound B. & O. S. W. pay car, throwing him out and dangerously injuring his left shoulder and ankle. The train stopped, came back and picked him up, and brought him here, where his injuries were attended to by Drs. Newell and Cross. It is very doubtful whether he will recover.

At about the same time a four-year-old son of Frederick Carpenter, at Bloom Furnace, was run over by an ore wagon containing a ton and a half of ore. Both thigh bones were fractured and one hand also injured. The little fellow is still alive at this writing, but his recovery is extremely doubtful.

OBSERVER.

Dogwood Ridge.

The basket picnic at Wheelersburg proved a great success. Several from Portsmouth attended.

Hattie Lambert, of Portsmouth, took in the picnic and spent Sunday at home.

Several of the folks of the Ridge spent Sunday evening at Frischies.

Chas. Fullerton was at home Sunday.

Bill Williams, of 'Possum Hollow, had an apple cutting this week. All report a jolly time. We hope they will all be invited to the next one.

Miss Rosa Wertz, of Portsmouth, is spending a few days with Hammersteins.

Clara Flanigan is staying in Scioto-ville now.

Fred Rieper, formerly of this place, but now of Arkansas, who was dangerously ill here, is recovering, and will return home as soon as he is able.

Lamberts have bought a cart. The doctor prescribed it for Tom's health in riding around.

Richie Flanigan is thinking of buying an organ now.

Harry Harmon is staying at home.

Bert Lolland, of Cincinnati, is in the burg.

Another robbery took place last week at Wheelersburg. It was at the residence of Mr. Long. Bess Long saw them, but did not recognize them. They got $11 in money and a watch chain.

John Delabar took a flying trip to the burg Sunday.

The supper on the Ridge last week was a success.

Levi Cornwell, of Portsmouth, attended the picnic Saturday and spent Sunday at Chaffin's mill.

Mrs. Davis, of Portsmouth, spent a day or two with her daughter, Mrs. Frischie.

Maggie Flanigan spent a week with friends at Bloom Furnace.

Sug Littlejohn has returned home from the insane asylum entirely recovered.

J. C. Adair will leave on the 20th for for his new home. He is now selling out.

Will Rudman and John Delabar will leave in two weeks to attend college in Pennsylvania.

Norman Adams is on the sick list, but not dangerous.

Miss Reissinger and brother, of Ironton, were visiting at Ed. Patterson's recently.

Geo. Marlow is working for Louis Hughes.

Bertha Hughes, who has been on the sick list, is convalescing.

Mary Snyder returned to her home in Portsmouth after spending a few weeks on the Run.

Duncan Clutts is home again.

INTRUDER.

Kenneth Bazemore had the good fortune to receive a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy when three members of his family were sick with dysentery. This one small bottle cured them all and he had some left which he gave to Geo. W. Baker, a prominent merchant of the place, Lewiston, N. C., and it cured him of the same complaint. When troubled with dysentery, diarrhoea, colic or cholera morbus, give this remedy a trial and you will be more than pleased with the result. The praise that naturally follows its introduction and use has made it popular. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

Special

Low

Prices.

We are selling fine Baby Carriages for less money than ever before.

* * *

In Furniture we can give you the lowest prices ever found in Portsmouth.

* * *

We have the largest stock in the city and can furnish anything in the line of Furniture at

Rock

Bottom

Prices.

F. C. DAEHLER,

205 and 207 Market.

TALKING BUSINESS.

"If you don't blow your own horn no one else will," is an old business adage.

We don't think so exactly.

Of course we talk our business, think about our business and "mind our business" pretty steadily, but we prefer to let those who have patronized us "blow our horn," as they are doing daily and weekly. Not a suit we turn out but becomes a walking advertisement and a herald to the trade of what we are able to do in the way of fine suits, at prices which are admittedly moderate.

This Fall we are prepared to eclipse our former efforts, both in material, style and finish, and are bound to set a higher mark in the way of artistic clothing.

Our buyer has exhausted the market in novelties and standards. The looms of England, France and Germany have been laid under tribute, as well as our domestic factories, and we offer to our patrons a selection they cannot find elsewhere in this part of the State.

We invite your inspection of our beautiful suitings in Worsteds, Clay Diagonals, Cheviots and Cassimeres.

We ask you to learn our prices and to learn the opinions of those who have patronized us.

You will not be long in determining where to buy your Fall Suit.

Haas, Schwartz & Smith,

Artistic Tailors.

Fine Home Grown

Watermelons,

Sugar Melons,

Sugar Corn,

Finest on Earth.

Tomatoes,

Cabbage,

Potatoes,

Sweet Potatoes,

Apples,

Cucumbers,

And a full line of California and other Fruits at

J. J. BRUSHART,

513 Chillicothe St

THE UNIVERSITY OF WOOSTER.

The College of the Presbyterian Synod of Ohio. Co-educational. Preparatory, Collegiate, Scientific, Musical, Medical and Post Graduates Departments. Able and thorough faculties. Chemical and Biological departments with new and complete equipments. First class gymnasium with instructor. Well furnished library and reading rooms. Fall term opens Sept. 12. For further information or catalogue, address

JESSE McCLELLAN, Treas. or President S. F. SCOVEL, } Wooster, Ohio.

ONE MORE—

DISASTROUS REDUCTION

TO CLOSE OUT : : :

ALL SUMMER GOODS.

Crepolin reduced from 10c to 5c per yard.
Printed Batiste reduced from 6 1/2c to 5c per yard.
More Bargains in Ginghams at 5c.
Ladies' Colored and Black Kid Finish Gauntlets, reduced from 50c down to 25c per pair.
Ladies' Black All Silk Gauntlets, reduced from 75c down to 50c a pair.
Ladies' Tan Colored Kid Gauntlets, reduced from $1.50 down to 50c a pair.
Silk Belts, reduced from 25c down to 15c apiece.
Great Bargains in Black Silk Mitts.
Great Bargains in Sun Umbrellas.
New Stock of Princess Printed Duck.
New Stock of Linen Toweling at 5c per yard.
New Stock of 4c, 5c and 7c Shirting.
New Stock of Carpets, Window Shades and Lace Curtains.

A. BRUNNER,

N. E. Cor. Market & Second.

YOUR CHANCE—

We will positively sell any one of the following useful and comfortable articles for summer use

20 per Cent. Below Cost:

Refrigerators,
Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers and
Gasoline Stoves.

If You Want a Bargain, Now's the Time.

We are bound to move these goods to make room for our big Fall stock of Cooking and Heating Stoves.

C. S. CADOT, 118-120 West Second Street.

Are You Warm?

Perhaps you are, but it is not necessary to be so. If you come to us we will alleviate your sufferings with one of those cool summer suits.

Our Prices are the Lowest.

Our Fits and Workmanship the Best.

J. EISMAN & CO.

THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS.

Down They Come!

For the Next Thirty Days We Will Sell

Three Burner Gasoline Stoves for $4.50
Two Burner Gasoline Stoves for 3.50
Refrigerators at Your Own Price : : :

Every Article Guaranteed to be First-class.

WATKINS BROS.

72 WEST SECOND STREET.

Great Reduction In Hats

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

All our $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00 Hats Will be sold at $1.95.

JOHN JONES, The Hatter,

109 West Second Street.

PALACE RESTAURANT.

First Class Meals at All Hours.

Finely Appointed Bar Connected.

GEO. FRESHEL, Prop. - 151 West Second St.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILROAD CO.

In Effect May 13, 1894.

EAST BOUND.	WEST BOUND.
*12:00 Noon.	*4:50 a. m.
*3:16 p. m.	*7:18 a. m.
†7:02 p. m.	*2:36 p. m.
*10:16 p. m.	†3:16 p. m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

F. F. V. Limited, 3:16 p m., arrives Washington 7:42 a.m.; Baltimore, 8:15 a.m.; Philadelphia, 11:00 a m.; New York, 1:40 p.m.; Boston, 8:50 p.m.

F. F. V. Limited, 2:36 p.m., arrives Cincinnati 5:50 p.m.

Washington Express, 10:16 p m., arrives Washington, 2:45 p.m.; New York, 9:05 p.m.

Cincinnati Fast Line, 4:50 a.m., arrives Cincinnati, 8:05 a.m.

Quickest line to all points in the South-East. Apply to any ticket agent for additional information.

G. W. STEVENS, Gen. Manager.
C. B. RYAN, Assistant G. P. A.
H. W. FULLER, Gen. Pass. Agt.
E. M. FERRELL, Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTH-WESTERN R'y

SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS

WITH PULLMAN

Palace Sleeping Cars

TO

NEW YORK CITY,

VIA

WASHINGTON CITY,

Baltimore and Philadelphia

THE SHORTEST AND BEST LINE

VIA CINCINNATI

TO

Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS

THROUGH TO

ST. LOUIS.

Lowest Rates, Quickest Time and Best Accommodations.

Tickets sold and Baggage checked through to destination.

Trains leave PORTSMOUTH as follows: Mail, 7 00 am; Accommodation, 3 00 pm.

Trains arrive PORTSMOUTH as follows: Mail, 5:03 pm; Accommodation, 11 20 am.

For reliable information, maps, time of trains, and the best possible rates, apply to

GEO. BERTHOLD or J. H. CLOUGH, Local Agents at Portsmouth, Ohio
O. P. McCARTY, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.
W. W. PEABODY, Vice President and Gen. Mgr. Cincinnati, O.

P&Y Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia

Cin. Mail.	Cin. Ex.	STATIONS	Ports. Mail.	Ports. Ex.
LEAVE			ARRIVE	
P M	A M		A M	P M
1 45	6 05	Portsm'th	12 05	8 40
2 29	6 47	Otway	11 24	7 57
2 41	6 59	Rarden	11 11	7 45
3 01	7 21	Peebles	10 49	7 23
5 55	10 10	Cincinnati	8 00	4 30
ARRIVE			LEAVE	

Scioto-ville trains leave Portsmouth at 5 40 a m, 10 20 am and 5 40 pm. Arrive at Portsmouth 6 20 am, 11 55 am and 6 20 pm.

Close connection is made at Portsmouth with trains for Hamden, Ashland, Ironton, and all points East on the B. & O. S. W., S. V. and Chesapeake and Ohio railways.

SAM'L HUNT, General Manager. *E. F. GRAY, Gen. Pass. Agt.*
FLOYD L. SMITH, District Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Ohio.

N. & W. R. R. Norfolk & Western R.R.

Schedule in effect May 20, 1894.

ALL TRAINS DAILY.

Trains leave Portsmouth as follows:

EAST BOUND.

10:55 am—The Kenova and Chicago Express—Arrives Kenova 12 25 noon. Connect with C. & O. at Kenova for Huntington, Charleston, and all points East. Pullman Sleeper, Chicago to Kenova.

3:47 pm—Local Accommodation—Arrives Kenova 5 20 pm, makes all stops. No connection beyond Kenova.

8:50 pm—Norfolk Express—For Bluefield, Radford, Roanoke, Norfolk and all points on Main Line. Pullman Buffet Sleeper Columbus to Roanoke.

WEST BOUND.

5:15 am—Norfolk Express—Arrives at Columbus 8 30 am. Pullman Buffet car, Roanoke to Columbus. Arrives Chicago 7 55 pm, via Hocking Valley and C. & E. Rys.

10:28 am—Local Accommodation—Arrives Columbus 2 20 pm, makes all stops.

4:47 pm—Kenova and Chicago Express—From Bluefield, Pocahontas and points on Kenova Division. Arrives Columbus 8 10 pm. Pullman Sleeper Kenova to Chicago via Hocking Valley and Erie railroads.

KENOVA DIVISION.

Trains leave Kenova daily, 8 10 am, Eastern time, for Bluefield, Pocahontas, and all intermediate stations. Also 11:25 pm, the Norfolk Express for Roanoke, Lynchburg, Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman Buffet Sleeper, Columbus to Roanoke without change.

For all information as to tickets, time cards etc., apply to nearest ticket agent or address

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agt., Roanoke, Va.
ALLEN HULL, Div. Pass Agt., Columbus, O.

Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Big Sandy & Pomeroy Packet Co.

Palatial Sidewheel Steamers,

Boston, Telegraph or Bonanza

Leave Cincinnati daily at 5 pm, from foot of Broadway. Pass Portsmouth daily, on up trip at 7 30 am, and on down trip at 3 pm for Cincinnati.

P. B. KENOE, Freight Agent on Wharf Boat
McFARLIN & HUTCHINS, Pass. Agts., 115 Market St Portsmouth, O

GEO. PFEIFFER,

UNDERTAKER.

Fine Coffins and Caskets. Orders receive prompt attention. 219 W. SECOND ST.

The Sample Shoe Company, of 517 Chillicothe St., Opp. P. O.

Place on Sale the Following Shoes, Every Pair Guaranteed to be Worth Nearly Double the Price.

MEN'S SHOES.

Sizes, 5 1-2 to 11.

Good Working Shoes	Worth $1 25	Our price $ 89
Better Working Shoes	Worth 1 50	Our price 99
The Best Working Shoe Made	Worth 2 00	Our price 1 09
15 Styles of Brogan Shoes	Worth $1 50 to 2 00	Our price 89c to 1 24
Fine Veal Calf Shoes, Lace and Congress	Worth 1 50	Our price 99
Police Shoes, Lace and Congress	Worth 1 75	Our price 1 10
Satin Calf Shoes, Lace and Congress, Makes a Fine Dress Shoes	Worth 2 25	Our price 1 29
Fine Calf Skin, Cork Sole, Shoes	Worth 2 50	Our price 1 69
10 Styles of Shoes, in all the Latest Style Toes	Worth $3 00 to 3 50	Our price 1 79
Elk Skin Shoes, Lace and Congress	Worth 4 00	Our price 1 99
Cassimere Calf Shoes, Lace and Congress	Worth 4 00	Our price 1 99
Fine Kangaroo Shoes, Congress only	Worth 3 00	Our price 1 49
5 Styles Calf Skin Shoes	Worth 4 50	Our price 2 24
Genuine Kangaroo Shoes, Plain and Patent Leather Tips	Worth 5 00	Our price 2 49
Hand Sewed Shoes	Worth 6 00	Our price 2 69

A CALL will convince you that anything we *advertise* is *bona fide*, and we always make prices cheaper when you call than we do in the newspapers. The reason for this is we receive goods daily and they are very often sold out the same day and we can't advertise them.

Our Goods are High in Quality.

Our Goods are Low in Price.

For Good Shoes at Half Price go to the Originators of Low Prices, the Only Shoe Store of the Kind in the State.

LADIES' SHOES.

Sizes, 2 1-2 to 7.

Some of the best makes in the market, including Russell, Vincent & Williams' make.

Good Working Shoes, in Lace only	Worth $1 00	Our price $ 79
Good Working Shoes, in Lace only	Worth 1 25	Our price 89
Good Working Shoes, in Lace and Button	Worth 1 50	Our price 99
Glove Grain Shoes, in Lace and Button	Worth 1 75	Our price 99
Fine Kid Shoes, in Button	Worth 2 00	Our price 1 09
Fine Kid Shoes, in Button	Worth 2 25	Our price 1 19
Fine Kid Shoes, in Button	Worth 2 50	Our price 1 29
Fine Kid Shoes, in Button	Worth 2 75	Our price 1 39
The Best $3 00 Shoe in the State		Our price 1 49
The Best 3 50 Shoe in the State		Our price 1 69

Finer grades accordingly. Every pair guaranteed to be better than you can buy in any other store for double the money.

Boys' and Misses' Shoes ..... From 59c up to 2 00

That can't be duplicated anywhere for the prices we make.

Store Open Until 10 O'Clock Every Evening

THE SAMPLE SHOE CO.

515 Chillicothe St., opp. P. O., Portsmouth, O.

POLICE PICKINGS.

John Schaffer the Farmers' Hotel Robber Captured at Rushtown.

Walks to that Place and Takes a Train on Which is Marshal Schmitt—The Piketon Suspects, Drunks and Other Notes.

John Schaffer whose robbing of landlord George Rogers of the Farmers' hotel was detailed in yesterday's TIMES is a prisoner at the city prison. As stated in the TIMES the last seen of him he had crossed the Scioto bridge and was hoofing it up the canal. Marshal Schmitt and Mr. Rogers boarded the 2 o'clock C. P. & V. train. They suspicioned that he would take the train at some near station and they were not disappointed. At Rushtown the marshal and Rogers both secreted themselves until the train pulled out. They then walked into the coach and encountered their man sitting down for a comfortable journey. The marshal suggested that he must like walking, to which he replied: "That's my business." He was placed under arrest and taken on to Piketon, where he was placed in the cooler until the late train last night, when he was brought back to Portsmouth. He denied the charge, but it will embarrass him slightly to satisfactorily explain some circumstances. He had on his person $25.73 in money. Mrs. Rogers this morning identified her money, a $50 bill being identified by a little hole in one corner. She filed an affidavit charging him with grand larceny.

Schaffer has retained Theo. K. Funk to defend him and will have his hearing probably tomorrow.

The third member of the Piketon gang of suspicious characters was arrested yesterday afternoon. He is known as "Billie," and gives the name of W. L. Bemhill. The trio make a business of etching names on razors, knives and the like, and were supplied with the necessary preparations for that work. "Billie" had skipped to Kentucky, but Officer McFarlin brought him over. None of the missing property was found in possession of the men and they will be released, as there is no evidence against them.

John Vorey and Ed Gallagher answered to the call of "drunks," pleaded guilty and were taxed $4.80 each, in default of which amount they still occupy berths in the city prison.

The three men held on suspicion of doing the safe blowing at Piketon Monday night were released by Mayor Hall this afternoon, there being no evidence against them.

ENTIRELY TOO SWEET.

Mr. J. R. Lewis Captures a Swarm of Bees and Will Live on Honey This Winter.

Mr. J. Q. Lewis distinguished himself yesterday afternoon by capturing a large swarm of Italian bees, yesterday afternoon, which were swarming in a tree near the postoffice building on the upper market square. Quite a large crowd was attracted, and the plucky bee catcher was the recipient of much advice as to the proper method of inducing the bees to enter the hive. Lewis paid no attention to the crowd, however. He was after bees, and got 'em too. He escaped without a sting, which caused a friend to remark that Lewis was not quite sweet enough for the bees. In one sense he was entirely too sweet. He says he will live on honey this fall.

TO GO TO LYNCHBURG.

Mr. J. C. Adair Will Locate in That City and Engage in the Dry Goods Business.

Mr. J. C. Adair, of Wheelersburg, has decided to locate at Lynchburg, Highland county, and will remove to that place next Wednesday morning. Mr. Adair has erected a fine large store building at Lynchburg, and will put in an extensive stock of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, and gents' furnishing goods.

Mr. Adair has been in business in Wheelersburg for a number of years past, and by his square dealing and uniform courtesy has made hosts of friends who will regret to have him move from the county. He is a genial, popular, clever gentleman, and the TIMES joins with his many friends throughout the county in wishing him success in his new location.

Suffered a Sunstroke.

From the Fremont Daily News we learn that Mrs. Andrew Fisher recently sustained a sunstroke, and is now in a precarious condition. Mrs. Fisher is known in this city, having resided here for many years, her husband being employed at one time on the Portsmouth branch of the B. & O. S. W. as conductor.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Columbus the Place and September 18 and 19 the Date—Frank Hurd of Toledo Temporary Chairman.

At a full meeting of the Democratic state central committee at Columbus yesterday it was decided to hold the state convention at the capitol city September 18 and 19. Hon. F. H. Hurd of Toledo will be temporary chairman and James McNally, of Youngstown, temporary secretary. Scioto county is entitled to six delegates, the total number being 808.

A SHOE AND LEATHER THIEF.

The Excelsior Shoe Factory Entered Last Night and Relieved of $60 Worth of Goods.

Mr. Richardson, upon going to the Excelsior shoe factory this morning, discovered that some one had been there very early, and had gotten away with a big load of shoes and leather. Entrance was affected through the rear door, the bolt of which had evidently not been securely fastened. An investigation revealed that about $50 or $60 worth of shoes and leather was missing.

This afternoon Harry Grimes returned from Lucasville and tells of an incident which may enable the officers to catch the man. He says that early this morning a stranger entered a store at Lucasville and wanted to sell some children's shoes. Mr. Grimes asked him what he was doing with such a big pile of truck, and he replied that he had been working for the company and they were unable to pay what was due him, about $70, so he took the shoes in payment. The authorities will endeavor to reach him before he leaves this section.

HOTEL REGISTER.

THE BIGGS—S. Bauer, Cincinnati; Otto Caden, Buena Vista; C. O. Rea, Ironton; Wm. V. Deck, J. G. Cook, Cincinnati; Henry C. Christy, Warren; Lewis W. Deney, Blanchester, O.; Samuel Blamer and daughter, Hamer, O.; W. Whaley, Akron; W. C. Moore, Cleveland; C. C. Alward, J. McLoren, New York; E. M. Cotton, Wheeling, W. Va.; A. A. Baker, New York; Geo. W. Cappell, Toledo; Monte J. Gobb, Gus H. Hampton, Catlettsburg, Ky.; H. J. Spellmeyer, Cincinnati.

HOTEL PORTSMOUTH—Robert Smith, Cincinnati; Owen Britton, C. W. Linard, M. E. Myers, Dayton; A. J. Rick and wife, Logan.

ARLINGTON—Miss Iva McIntosh, Cincinnati; W. H. Grady, Wheelersburg; J. W. Mooney, Bury, O.; J. A. Armstrong, East Liverpool; C. M. Blackburn, Rarden; W. C. Eakins, Scioto-ville.

ELK HOTEL—S. W. Monrow, Baltimore, Md.; J. G. Cook, Cincinnati, O.; J. Mostyn Jones, Oak Hill, O.; Charles Heatherman, Dayton, O.; R. D. McClure, Locust Grove, O.; W. J. Berg, Oligo-Nunk, Ky.

LEGLER HOUSE—Wm. Hitchcok, St. Louis; C. A. Heel, Philadelphia; Mrs. Eliza Harrison, Delaware, O.; Miss Lucille Charles, J. W. Queary and wife, Manchester, O.

FIRST INSTALLMENT

Of Fine Peaches Received by Turner Today.

C. F. Turner received today a shipment of ten bushels of peaches, from the northern part of Ohio, these being the first of the season in this market. They will retail at from $2 to $3 per bushel. Mr. Turner says that the peach crop this year in this state is confined exclusively to the lake country. In Athens county where last year $800,000 revenue was derived from the sale of peaches, the crop this year is a total failure.

STRUCK THE GIRL.

Landlord Douglass, of the Legler House, Charged with Assault and Battery.

Anna E. Butler, a girl who has been employed at the Legler House, had the proprietor, L. O. Douglass, arrested this morning on the charge of assault and battery. They got into a wrangle over the question of wages and Anna came out of the fracas with a big cut in the forehead produced by a ring on Mr. Douglass' finger. Mr. Douglass claims that she struck him first. He waived examination in 'Squire Volney R. Row's court this morning and was recognized to probate court under bond of $200.

Shocked by Lightning.

A little boy named Snyder, son of the janitor of the school building at the corner of Ninth and Washington streets, was shocked by lightning Tuesday morning. The boy was leaning against one of the eavespouts of the building when a sharp flash of lightning came, knocking the boy several feet. His howling created a small sensation in the neighborhood.

STILL ANOTHER.

Geo. A. Sauer Wants a Divorce from Stella E. Sauer.

An Important Suit Involving Valuable Property Filed by Administrator of the Lloyd Estate—Little Notes of Interest from the Court House.

John K. Duke, as administrator of the estate of Richard Lloyd, filed an important suit in probate court this morning. The defendants in the suit are Geo. W. Field, Elizabeth M. Field, Uri Tracy, Harriet E. Tracy, Laura B. Lloyd, Genevieve Lloyd, Ella L. Lloyd, Richard Lloyd, Anna Lloyd, John Peebles and Antoinette Peebles. The petition alleges that at the time of the death of Richard Lloyd he was indebted to Geo. W. Field in the sum of $14,869.69 on four promissory notes. To secure this Mr. Lloyd transferred to Mr. Field a life insurance policy for $5,000 and certain Portsmouth and Chicago property.

It was the understanding that this property was to be disposed of, Mr. Field's claim satisfied and the balance turned over to Mr. Lloyd or his heirs. Upon the death of Mr. Lloyd Mr. Field collected $5,093.85 on the insurance policy and $3,500 in cash from Laura J. B. Lloyd in consideration of which he transferred back to her a portion of the Portsmouth property given to secure the debt, on which he had already collected rents and incomes amounting to $1,787.50. He still holds $4,500 worth of Portsmouth property and Chicago property valued at $30,000. The plaintiff charges that Mr. Field repudiates the trust and claims the property absolute. The plaintiff asks that it be decreed that Mr. Field holds said property tenements in trust and that he may be required to account for the incomes of the same to the heirs.

Thompson & Newman represent the plaintiff.

ANOTHER DIVORCE SUIT.

Divorce suits continue to pile up and the special file box labeled "Divorce appearances" will soon be overflowing. George A. Sauer is the latest applicant and he would like legal separation from Stella E. Sauer. They were married in San Francisco, Cal., May 1, 1891 and the husband claims that just nineteen days later Stella was guilty of adultery with Harry Bellevue with whom she has since lived in adultery. She later entered a house of ill fame. Bannon & Bannon represent the plaintiff.

BOUND OVER.

A transcript in the case of Ohio vs. Perry C. Moore was filed in probate court this morning. Moore was arrested and arraigned before Mayor Wamsley of Rarden on the charge of intoxication and will have his hearing in probate court.

OF INTEREST TO PARTNERSHIP CONCERNS.

County Clerk Whitney has received the necessary blanks for the filing of the statement of partnership concerns giving the manner of all failures as required by a law passed last winter.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Rush Township—Fitz Allen Woodbury to John Graf, 11.47 acres, $3,442

Joyce Morgan to Mary E. Hamer, 22 acres, $5.

Fifth Ward, Portsmouth—Mary L. Hope to J. E. McClure, lots 43, 44, 45, Glover addition, $100.

Fourth Ward, Portsmouth—Kate Fresh to John A. Brand, lot 244, Barr addition, $1,300.

Valley Township—Joseph H. Brant and wife to Daniel Brant, 236.20 acres, $5,500

David Brant to John C. Milner, 41 acres, $1,600.

MORTGAGES CANCELLED.

Peter Reinhardt to John L. Ward, $1,269.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Albert Hales, Beatrice Moore.

"Choice of Materials."

The men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms next Sunday afternoon will be addressed by W. K. Dupree on the subject, "Choice of Materials."

The reading rooms of the association have been greatly improved in appearance and convenience by new paper wracks and a complete new set of paper and magazine files.

Agents Wanted

To sell custom pants. Send one dollar for complete fall outfit, samples, etc. Work is light, honorable and remunerative. Goods sell the year round, and work pays well. One agent in each city. H. A. LORREGO, Sup't Agencies, Portsmouth, O.

Read the announcement of the University of Wooster on page 5. It may interest you.

PERSONAL.

Ed J. Haubert jeins a party bound for Atlantic City today.

Miss Louise Green left this morning for a visit with Marietta friends.

Mrs. E. E. Legler will leave today for Atlantic City, to be gone several weeks.

John Wilhelm went to Chillicothe this morning where he will join an excursion party for Atlantic City.

Miss Amelia Sulzbacher, of Chillicothe, is the guest of her uncle, Joseph Guiterman, of West Second street.

Guy Williams, Raymond Lewis and Vernon Hope will go to Camp McColloch tomorrow for a week's outing.

Miss Lula Rainey left this morning to join her parents, who removed from this city to Lancaster some time ago.

Will Smith and Jonathan Smith, of Circleville were in the city yesterday billing a grand K. of P. celebration to take place there August 22nd.

Mrs. John Moeller and charming little daughter, Miss Katie, leave tomorrow for a several weeks' visit with Dayton and Cincinnati friends.

Mr. Albert Ward and son Albert, of 113 West Third street, left today at noon for a week's visit with her parents and other relatives at Wamsleyville, O.

Fred Hall, son of Mayor Hall, now of Cincinnati, where he has been representing C. I. Hood & Co., the sarsaparilla manufacturers, is in the city on a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Quearry and Mrs. Quearry's sister, Miss Lucile Charles, arrived here yesterday and will go to housekeeping on East Third street. Mr. McQuearry is connected with the Portsmouth Tinware Company.

TO OLIGO-NUNK

The Elks and Their Families will Go Tomorrow.

The excursion train, which will bear the Elks and their families to Oligo-Nunk will leave the C. & O. depot at South Portsmouth at 7:15 o'clock tomorrow morning. It is expected that fifty or seventy-five of the Elks with a few of their friends, will be in attendance. The party will spend the day exploring the caves and anticipate a splendid time.

BOARD OF TRADE

Will Meet Next Monday Evening to Consider the Car Shop Matter.

The Board of Trade will have a meeting next Monday evening at the council chamber. The car shop committee will be ready to report on the matter, and will make a recommendation of some sort. Other matters of importance will also be considered.

Portsmouth Baptist Association.

A committee meeting at Ironton today will consider the question of disbanding the Portsmouth District Baptist association. The association embraces churches in Adams, Scioto, Lawrence and Gallia counties, and the churches in this district will unite with other adjoining districts. Clerk Wm. F. Whitney is in attendance as a delegate from this city.

A Mixed Up Account.

The suit of Frank Goodrich vs James A. Maxwell was decided by 'Squire Volney R. Row this morning, the plaintiff getting a verdict for $5.68. The amount asked was $250 on a contract, but counter claims were filed, and a running account of long standing settled along with the suit.

Women's Relief Corps.

Bailey Relief Corps, No. 43, will meet Monday, Aug. 20th, at 2:30 p. m., at Gilson's hall. Business of importance demands a full attendance.

SARAH A. MCCALL, Pres.
E. M. BECKER, Sec.

A Valuable Package.

Among other articles which came by express this morning was a package for the Farmer's National bank from Columbus, which contained $20,000 in gold.

Grand Reunion Army of West Virginia.

The reunion at Ironton, O., on August 29th, 30th and 31st promises to be one of the most interesting ever held. The C. & O. railway will make a rate of one fare for the round trip and an immense turnout is expected. tf

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhoea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

FRAGMENTS.

Adolph Bloomeyer, N. & W. freight agent, is quite sick.

The junction depot is being remodeled and many modern conveniences put in.

Elizabeth B. Huggins, of this city, has been granted an original widow's pension.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Beesler, of 1018 Gay street, notice of whose death appeared in yesterday's TIMES, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the German Lutheran church.

SCOOPED THE COUNTRY.

Two Local Items in the Blade as is News with a Vengeance.

That curious freak now creating such a sensation in local journalistic circles, "Godalmighty" Barker, broke loose again last night in the Blade. This time the "Godalmighty" man took a new tack and trotted out a couple of scoops in the country. One of them stated that the Clipper saw mill had arrived at the wharf and would be repaired by the Moore Foundry & Machine works, while the other stated that Mrs. Shakespeare would leave in a few days for England to make an extended visit. These are very nice in their way, but as a matter of fact the Clipper saw mill arrived at the wharf something over four months ago and has already been repaired. 'Squire Shakespeare also informs us that he thought the sharer of his joys and sorrows left for England over two months ago and if she had been hiding about town he knew nothing of it, which confirms us in our opinion that "Godalmighty" Barker should return to the stage, and take up Pooh-Bah again.

Awarded a Diploma.

Prof. W. R. Graham, of the Business college, is very proud of a handsome diploma he received today from the fair association managers, certifying that he had been awarded first premium for best display of artistic penmanship. Graham's display at the fair was very fine.

Special Notice Jr. O. U. A. M.

The regular meeting of the above organization will be held at their hall this Thursday evening at the usual hour. All members will please attend this meeting as there is much important business to be transacted.

Will Move Here.

Robert Hay, book-keeper for the Brushart Lumber Co., will remove his family from Covington, Va., to this city, Saturday of this week. They will occupy a house at 69 East Eighth street.

Gone to Cleveland.

Will Daum, late of the Kelley army, left this morning for Cleveland. He expects to locate in that city and will engage in the meat business. Daum says he has done with Kelleyism and tramping about the country.

A Church Social.

The ladies of the German U. B. church will give a social this evening at the residence of J. F. Menke, corner of Findlay and Eleventh streets. Ice cream and cake will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

Seriously Ill.

Mrs. E. M. Hampton, of 124 Gay street, has been seriously ill for the past few days, for a time her life being despaired of. Her father, Judge John M. Burns, of Ashland, was telegraphed for and arrived yesterday.

To Close a Contract.

H. C. Christy, of Warren, O., will be in the city tomorrow to close a contract for lumber with a local dealer. Mr. Christy is one of the contractors for building the Johnson Steel & Iron shops at Lorain, O.

Arnold is Improving.

Philip Arnold, whose skull was fractured at New Boston, Tuesday, by a board striking him on the head, is getting along as well as could be expected and chances are that he will recover.

In Training.

Wesley Taylor, of Wheelersburg, rides down to the fair grounds each evening on his bicycle, and trains for an hour or so on the track. Taylor's friends claim great things for him as a rider.

Why They Rejoice.

Alfred Preston and wife, of Bond street, late of Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, are rejoicing over the birth of a little son.

Come to the lawn fete this evening at Mrs. Chick's, given by the ladies of Sixth Street M. E church. The electric railway brings you within a few steps of the grounds. An abundance of refreshments, which will be sold at the usual prices, has been provided. You will have a good time.

She Was Mistaken.

The gentlemanly and urbane peripatetic had walked boldly in and tackled the housekeeper on her own kitchen doorstep.

"Good morning," he said, "I thought perhaps I might get a bite to eat here, lady."

"I think," she answered, in the tone of a woman who was tired of feeding tramps, "that you are laboring under a wrong impression."

"I beg your pardon," he responded.

"I said you were laboring under a wrong impression," she snapped back at him.

"Good morning," he said, turning away, "I never labor under any circumstances."—Detroit Free Press.

In Love at Last.

Mother—We must make some inquiries about the young man who is calling on Clara.

Father—We have inquired about forty different young men, and that's all the good it did. Sooner or later she gives them the mitten.

"She is in earnest about this one."

"Think so?"

"I know it. When they start out for a moonlight walk, she directs their steps up town toward the park, instead of downtown toward the ice cream saloons."—N. Y. Weekly.

Amid Joys and Sorrows.

Mrs. Junebug invited several of her friends to come to her house on a certain day, as she was going to celebrate her twenty-fifth birthday. At the dinner table Mrs. J. said:

"This day is also the anniversary of sorrow to me—my father's death."

"Indeed? and how long has your father been dead?" asked one of the guests.

"Twenty-eight years," replied Mrs. Junebug.—Tammany Times.

For Alimony.

"Leave me."

Only for an instant he hesitated.

"Leave me," she repeated vehemently.

Turning upon his heel he walked from the house.

The actress watched the retreating form of her husband until it was lost to sight.

"Desertion," she sighed, "is certainly better than no grounds at all."—Detroit Tribune.

JUVENILE DIPLOMACY.

The Left Fielder (from the safe side of the fence)—Say, Miss Crosspatch, some bad boys jes' knocked a baseball over into your flower bed. If you'll give it to me I'll take it down to the police station an' make a complaint about 'em.—Truth.

Come out to the lawn fete at Mrs. Chick's this evening. Electric cars brings you within a short distance of the grounds. It is expected that this will be the most delightful outdoor entertainment of the season. Ice cream and other refreshments in abundance. The moonlight ride on electrics, the refreshing river breezes and the beautiful scenery are worth more than it will cost you.

My boy was taken with a disease resembling bloody flux. The first thing I thought of was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Two doses of it settled the matter and cured him sound and well. I heartily recommend this remedy to all persons suffering from a like complaint. I will answer any inquiries regarding it when stamp is inclosed. I refer to any county official as to my reliability. WM. ROACH, J. P., Primrose, Campbell Co., Tenn. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Portsmouth Steam Dye House,

71 and 73 West Third St.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed or colored in any shade.

Dry Cleaning a specialty.

H. HUELS.

FREE ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under the head of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," etc., not to exceed three lines, will be published three times free.

WANTED—Boarders at 519 Court street.

WANTED—One-horse wagon. Apply at Jas. H. Sutton's, 9d East Eighth st., East End. 15

LOST—A lady's corset. The finder will be rewarded by returning to Mrs. T. M. Patterson, 240 East Ninth st. 14

W. R. GRAHAM'S

BUSINESS COLLEGE

KRICKER BUILDING, GALLIA STREET.

SUCCESSOR TO THE PORTSMOUTH BUSINESS AND PHONOGRAPHIC COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins August 27th,

Which promises to be one of the best in the history of the College. Over 100 students have enrolled in all departments since May 1st. *New Business Offices* and complete outfit of new furniture will be ready for use by fall opening. Experienced teachers in charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. R. GRAHAM, Principal Business Department.
OSEE D. CURLESS, Principal Shorthand Department.

For Catalogue and Particulars Address W. R. Graham's Business College, Portsmouth, Ohio.

H. LEET & CO.

Dealers in all kinds of

Lumber, Lath, Red Cedar, Pine and Hemlock Shingles,

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

Office and Planing Mill, Corner 9th and Washington Streets

We Now Have the Largest Stock of

PAINTS, STAINS, WHITE AND TINTED LEAD

And General Painters' Material,

To be found in Southern Ohio, which being bought for Cash will be sold lower than the lowest.

Call at the Chillicothe Street Paint Store.

J. W. DODGE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

WM. H. WILLIAMS,

Painter and Grainer.

Office: 90 West Second St. Shop: 31 West Front St.

We Can Assist You

In solving the problem where to buy your Jewelry. You will confess that you came to the right place, if you will call and look at our goods and know our prices. Watches and Jewelry at greatly reduced prices. Clocks and Silverware lower than ever.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses at low prices.

Repairing of Watches and Jewelry a Specialty.

Only a Few More Days of Our

Closing Out Sale!

Remember we are selling our goods at manufactory prices. There are only a few dinner and chamber sets, parlor lamps and hanging lamps left; come early and get your choice.

Also we have a big line of ornaments, vases, fancy cups and saucers and bisque figures.

Everything in our store must go before we move.

M. JACOBS,

314 Chillicothe St.